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FISHERIES ACT, B.E. 2490

IN THE NAME OF
HIS MAJESTY KING BHUMIBOL ADULYADEJ

The Council of Regency

Rangsit Krom Khun Chainat Narendra
Phya Mannavaraj Sewi

Given on the 13th Day of January, B.E. 2490;
Being the 2nd Year of the Present Reign.

1 As amended by the Fisheries Act (No. 3), B.E. 2528
Whereas it is expedient to have a law on fisheries;

Be it, therefore, enacted by the King, by and with the advice and consent of the National Assembly, as follow:

Section 1. This Act is called the “Fisheries Act, B.E. 2490”.

Section 2. This Act shall come into force after the expiration of ninety days from the date of its publication in the Government Gazette.

Section 3. The following shall be repealed:

1. The Fisheries Law, R.S. 120;
2. The Act amending the Fisheries Law, R.S. 120;
3. The Royal Proclamation amending the Fisheries Law, R.S. 120;
4. The Act amending the Fisheries Law, R.S. 120;
5. The Fisheries Law Amendment Act, B.E. 2472;
6. The Fisheries Law, R.S. 120 Amendment Act, B.E. 2477;
7. The Fisheries Act (No. 6), B.E. 2479;
8. The Fisheries Act (No. 7), B.E. 2481;
9. The Ministerial Regulation on the Collection and the Fixation of Fisheries Tax under the Fisheries Law, R.S. 120; and

All other laws, rules and regulations in so far as they are already provided by this Act or are contrary to or inconsistent with the provisions of this Act.

Section 4. In this Act:

1. “aquatic animal” means an animal living in water or having a part of its life cycle in water, or living in tidewater area, i.e., fish, shrimp, crab, horseshoe crab, mollusk, turtles, tortoise, or reptile, including their eggs or spawns, mammal, sea-cucumber, sponge, coral, coralline and marine algae, including their shells or crusts or any part of them, and includes other water plant as specified by the Royal Decree;2

(1 bis) “fishery product” means a product made from aquatic animals specified by the Royal Decree as its raw material;3

2. “to fish” means to catch, to trap, to injure, to kill, or to take aquatic animals in fishery waters with any fishing appliance or by any method;

3. “fishing appliance” means a machinery, instrument, accessory, component part, arm, pole, stake, or vessel which is used in fishing operation;

4. “vessel” means a water craft of every description;

5. “fishing ground” means a land with still or running water such as sea, river, canal, swamp, marsh, pond and beach, which are domain public of State, including forest and ground which is inundated during flood season, notwithstanding that is domain public of State or the land owned by any person, and being within territorial waters, or any other waters in which Thailand exercises or may be entitled to exercise its fishery rights, as such waters publicly appear to be delimited by local or international law or usage, by treaty or in any other way;

6. “trapping pond” means such pond which is used to trap aquatic animals for the purpose of fishing as prescribed in the Ministerial Regulation;

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2 As amended by section 3 of the Fisheries Act (No. 3), B.E. 2528
3 As added by section 4 of the Fisheries Act (No. 3), B.E. 2528
(7) “cultivation pond” means such pond which is used to culture aquatic animals as prescribed in the Ministerial Regulation;
(8) “concession” means license granted by provincial governor to a person to obtain by means of tendering the right to fish in the leasable fishery;
(9) “permit” means license issued by competent official to a person to fish and to cultivate aquatic animals in the preserved fishery;
(10) “license” means license issued by competent official to a licensee to use fishing appliance;
(11) “licensee” means any person who holds concession, permit or license, or any person who obtains permission to do any thing according to this Act;
(12) “stationary gear” means fishing appliance which is used in the manner of pegging down, tying, stretching, pulling, sinking, or by any other means which will make the fishing appliance stationary during the time of fishing;
(13) “licensed fishing appliance” means fishing appliance, the name, description and method of operation of which are specified in the Ministerial Regulation;
(14) “non-licensed fishing appliance” means fishing appliance which is not specified in the Ministerial Regulation;
(15) “fisheries statistics” means figure or information relating to the fishery products, trade in aquatic animals, fishing, and fish cultivation;
(16) “competent official” means provincial governor, Nai Amphor (district officer), fishery officer or person appointed by the Minister to carry out this Act;
(17) “Director-General” means the Director-General of the Department of Fisheries;
(18) “Minister” means the Minister taking charge and control of the execution of this Act.

Section 5. The Minister of Agriculture shall take charge and control of the execution of this Act, and shall have the power to appoint a competent official and to issue Ministerial regulation fixing the rates of fishery taxes and fees not exceeding the rate in the Schedule annexed to this Act and determining other activities for carrying out this Act.

Such Ministerial Regulations shall come into force upon their publication in the Government Gazette.

CHAPTER 1
Fisheries

Section 6. Fisheries are of four categories:
(1) Preservation fisheries;
(2) Leasable fisheries;
(3) Reserved fisheries;
(4) Public fisheries.

Section 7. The Provincial Council, with the approval of the Minister, is empowered to make a notification determining fisheries within their province to be in the category of preservation fisheries.
Fisheries which are not included in the notification under paragraph one shall be regarded as public fisheries.

Section 8. Preservation fisheries are fisheries lying within the adjoining to the compound of a monastery or place of worship, zone of the navigation lock, regulator, weir or dam, or places, which are suitable for the conservation of aquatic animals.

Section 9. No person shall fish or cultivate aquatic animals in preservation fisheries, unless permission has been obtained from the Director-General.

Section 10. Leasable fisheries are fisheries in which exclusive right to fish and to cultivate aquatic animals should be granted to a person by means of tendering.

Any fishery to be determined as leasable fishery shall not be within the State irrigation area nor impair the rice cultivation or water communication.

Section 11. No person other than the licensee shall fish or cultivate aquatic animals in leasable fisheries.

The licensee must comply with the conditions imposed by the Director-General.

Fishing in leasable fisheries for the purpose of family consumption is permissible, provided that the fishing appliance used must be in accordance with the approval of the Minister.

Section 12. Reserved fisheries are fisheries in which a person has been permitted to fish or to cultivate aquatic animals and include trapping ponds.

Section 13. No person other than the licensee shall fish aquatic animals in reserved fisheries.

The licensee must comply with the conditions imposed by the Director-General.

Section 14. No person shall dig or build trapping ponds in the land which domain public of State, unless permission has been obtained from the competent official.

In the land owned by a person, the digging or building trapping pond is permissible, provided that the aquatic animals in preservation fisheries are not injured.

Section 15. The licensee has the duty to put up such lamps and signs for the safety of water communication as prescribed in the Ministerial Regulation.

Section 16. Public fisheries are fisheries in which every person has the right to fish and to cultivate aquatic animals.

Any person fishing or cultivating aquatic animals in public fisheries must comply with the conditions imposed by the Minister and published in the Government Gazette.

Section 17. No person shall erect anything in preservation fisheries, leasable fisheries, reserved fisheries which are not owned by a person, and in public fisheries, or grow therein lotus, rice, jute, such other crops or water plants as named in the Royal Decree, unless permission has been obtained from the competent official.

The licensee must comply with the conditions imposed by the Minister.

Section 18. No person shall drain water out of the preservation fisheries, leasable fisheries, reserved fisheries which are not owned by a person, and out of public waters or trapping ponds, or dry up or diminish water in the said fisheries for the purpose of fishing, unless permission has been obtained from the competent official.
The licensee must comply with the conditions imposed by the competent official.

**Section 19.** No person shall pour, throw away, drain or cause any poisonous substance specified by the Minister in the Government Gazette into any fishery, or do any act stupefying the aquatic animals, or pour, throw away or drain any substance dangerous to aquatic animals in the fishery, or cause pollution thereto. Exemption shall be allowed to the scientific experiment permitted by the competent official.

**Section 20.** No person shall use electricity or explosive in the fisheries except for the official purposes or those obtained permission from the Director-General.

**Section 20 bis.** No person shall keep in his possession for commercial purpose aquatic animals, which he knows to have been acquired through the commission of an offence under section 19 or section 20.

**Section 21.** No person shall make alteration to the fisheries not lying within the land owned by a person affecting its former conditions, unless permission has been obtained from the competent official.

The licensee must comply with the conditions imposed by the competent official.

**Section 22.** No person shall erect, set up or build dike, dam, screen fence, fishing nets or other fishing appliance in fisheries obstructing the passage of aquatic animals, unless permission has been obtained from the competent official or it is for the agricultural purpose in the land owned by a person.

The licensee must comply with the conditions imposed by the competent official such as those relating to the fishing-ladders or other appliance enabling aquatic animals to swim up and down.

## CHAPTER 2

### Cultivation Pond

**Section 23.** No person shall dig or build cultivation pond in the land which is domain public of State, unless permission has been obtained from the competent official.

The licensee must comply with the conditions prescribed in the license.

**Section 24.** Fishing in the cultivation pond requires no permission and is exempted from fishery tax under this Act.

## CHAPTER 3

### Registration and Application for Permission

**Section 25.** The Minister shall have power to issue a notification requiring person in any locality who engage in fishing, trading in aquatic animals, fishery products or fishery industry as may be specified in the Royal Decree to be registered, and requiring them to apply to the competent official for permission before engaging in such occupation with or without the license fee being charged under this Act.

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6 As amended by section 5 of the Fisheries Act (No. 3), B.E. 2528
7 As amended by clause 2 of the Announcement of the National Executive Council, No. 105
8 As amended by clause 3 of the Announcement of the National Executive Council, No. 105
Section 26. The Minister shall have the power to issue a notification requiring owners or possessors of any kind of fishing appliance in any locality to have the fishing appliance in their possession registered with the competent official.

Section 27. In the case of necessity for official service or for public interest, the provincial governor may, subject to the approval of the Minister, order the revocation of any permit or concession. In such case, the licensee is entitled to refund of portion of fishery tax only for the revoked period.

Section 28. Any person is entitled to use licensed fishing appliance only when the license specifying his name has been issued and the fishery tax under this Act has been paid.

The Minister is empowered to issue a notification exempting the requirement of license of any kind of fishing appliance in any locality.

Section 28 bis. Any owner of a vessel who uses or allows other person to use his vessel in fishing or for fishing purpose causing such vessel entering into foreign waters and their crews or passengers have to stay over in that country, shall, within thirty days from the receiving date, comply with the decision of the committee determining damages and other expenses arising therefrom. Such committee shall comprise of not more than seven persons appointed by the Minister.

In the case where the serving of decision under paragraph one could not be made by the reason that such person is not found or no person wishes to receive it for him, it shall be deemed that the decision has been served if it has been sent by the competent official via A/R mail or posted up at a conspicuous place at his office, domicile, or residence with an administrative official or police officer as witness.

Section 29. Any person who wishes to use licensed fishing appliance, or which license has been issued in one province, in another province where higher fishery tax for the same leviable, is required to pay an additional fishery tax to cover the full rate to be paid in the latter locality.

Section 30. Any person who wishes to fish in reserved fisheries must apply for permission and pay fishery tax under this Act. The money in respect of tendering payable by the licensee shall be deemed to be fishery tax under this Act.

The Minister is empowered to issue a notification exempting any particular person from fishery tax in the reserved fisheries, in which case it shall be deemed that permission has been obtained.

Section 31. No person shall erect, peg down or build a stationary gear in public fisheries, nor shall he do so in other fisheries without permission from the competent official.

Section 32. The Minister or provincial governor in his jurisdiction and with the approval of the Minister, is empowered to issue a notification determining

1. the size of mesh and dimension of every kind of fishing appliance, the size, kind, number and parts of fishing appliance, which is permitted in fisheries;
2. any kind of fishing appliance which is absolutely prohibited to be used in fisheries;
3. the distance between each stationary gear;
4. the methods of using every kind of fishing appliance;
5. the spawning and breeding seasons, fishing appliance and methods of fishing in any fisheries during the said seasons;
6. the kind, size and maximum number of aquatic animals the fishing of which is permissible;
7. certain kinds of aquatic animals the fishing of which is absolutely prohibited.

As added by section 6 of the Fisheries Act (No. 3), B.E. 2528
Section 33. The transfer of concession, permit or license, the issue of substitute thereof and the endorsement of the license in order to alter or add name of the person entitled to use the fishing appliance shall be subject to the fees chargeable under the Act.

Where any permit or license has expired but an application for approval has been made before the date of its expiration, any fishing or using of fishing appliance under such permit or license shall be deemed to have been permitted under this Act until the fact of not granting permission shall be notified by the competent official.

Section 34. No person shall fish or do any act inside a stationary gear of the licensee or within such location limit of the said gear as determined by notification of the provincial governor with the approval of the Minister.

Section 35. The licensee must carry with him the concession, permit or license during the time of fishing and must produce it for inspection upon request of the competent official.

Section 36. In case the licensee violates this Act or the conditions imposed in the concession, permit or license, or fails to pay fishery tax in respect thereof, the competent official may order the revocation of same.

Section 37. Whenever or wherever the levy of fishery tax is inappropriate, exemption shall be made by a Royal Decree.

Section 38. The provincial governor shall have the power, subject to the approval of the Minister, to exempt, suspend or refund the whole or a part of fishery tax in respect of any concession, permit and license as he thinks fit.

Section 39. The provincial governor shall have the power, subject to the approval of the Minister, to order the extension of the period for payment of fishery tax, as he thinks fit.

As for the fishery tax due, the licensee is bound to pay and interest thereon at 10 per cent per annum, and such interest shall be deemed to be in arrears.

Section 40. When the licensee fails to pay fishery tax, the competent official shall proceed as follows:

1. To make a notification or serve upon the licensee a written notice requiring the latter to pay the fishery tax due within such period as the former thinks fit;

2. If, after proceeding as provided in (1), the licensee is still in failure, to order the cessation of fishing;

3. To cause the property placed by the licensee as security to be sold by auction or to demand the surety to pay fishery tax in his stead. The proceeds of sale by auction shall be deducted to cover the tax and expenses incurred thereby. The remainders shall be returned to the licensee or surety, as the case may be.

Section 41. The competent official is empowered to seize and cause to be sold by auction so much of property of the licensee as may be required to cover the fishery tax due as well as expenses incurred by the seizure and auction sale.

Section 42. In case the concession, permit or license is revoked in accordance with section 36, the fishery tax paid in respect thereof shall not be refunded.

Section 43. The period of validity of a license shall, for the purpose of applying for permission and paying fishery tax, commence from the 1st April to the 31st March.
Section 44. Subject to section 43, the Provincial Council shall, for the purpose of collecting fishery tax, have the power, subject to the approval of the Minister, to issue a notification determining fishing seasons as may be suitable to the local condition. Each season shall cover a period of twelve months and shall be regarded as the annual period for applying for permission and paying fishery tax.

Section 45. When the competent official has to go out to inspect or to locate a stationary gear for any person applying therefor, such person shall, at his option, provide the competent official with transportation or such necessary expenses as have actually been paid.

Section 46. In case the competent official having the power to grant concession, permit and license refuses to grant the documents, any interested person is entitled to lodge an appeal with the Minister through the competent official within thirty days as from the day when the order comes to his knowledge. The competent official shall, without delay, submit the appeal to the Minister, whose decision shall be final.

CHAPTER 4
Fisheries Statistics

Section 47. The Minister shall have the power to issue a notification requiring the collection of fishery statistics be made in any such localities as he thinks fit.

Section 48. When the notification under section 47 has been issued, the Director-General may request any person engaging in occupation relating to aquatic animals to furnish particulars, information and figures in connection with the fishery statistics.

Section 49. The request of the Director-General must be made in writing, naming the proprietor of the business, its manager or representative, and specify the time, place or manner of filing the return.

Section 50. Any person who receives the request under section 48, must fill in the form answers showing such particulars, information and figures so far as he knows, sign his name, and then file the same within the time, at the place and in the manner prescribed in the request.

Section 51. In case of necessity for official interest, the competent official appointed by the Minister for this purpose, shall have the power to enter the premises of the request receiver during the time between sunrise and sunset for examining and recording any information and figures concerning the fishery statistics. It shall be the duty of the request receiver and his representative to answer the questions and render facilities and assistance to the competent official.

CHAPTER 5
Control

Section 52. The provincial governor has the power, subject to the approval of the Minister, to issue a notification prohibiting any person other than the licensee to enter any fisheries unless permission has been obtained from the licensee or the competent official.
Section 53. No person shall keep in his possession any kind of aquatic animal or fishery product as specified by a Royal Decree, or keep it in numbers or amount exceeding to or of smaller size than those specified thereby, unless the permission has been obtained from the competent official.

If such aquatic animals are of kinds that may cause injury to a body or property of any person or to the public, the manner of such harmfulness and a period of time that the possessor of such animals shall deliver them to the competent official shall be prescribed in the Royal Decree under paragraph one.

The application and the granting of permission under paragraph one shall be in accordance with the rules, procedure and conditions prescribed in the Ministerial Regulation.

Any person who possesses such aquatic animals or fishery products on the date of enforcement of the Royal Decree under paragraph one who wishes to continue the possession thereof shall apply for permission under paragraph three within thirty days from the date of the enforcement. Except to the case of aquatic animals under paragraph two, no application and permission shall be made and, during the prescribed period for filing an application to the refusal date, section 67 bis shall not apply thereto.

In the case where the application of a person under paragraph four has been refused, the Director-General shall have the power to order such person to deliver the aquatic animals or fishery products to the competent official within seven days from the date of receiving the order.

If the delivery of such aquatic animals or fishery products has been made under paragraph two or paragraph five, the Department of Fisheries must pay such person a reasonable price thereof.

The provisions in paragraph one to paragraph six shall not apply to government agencies, state enterprises or other business as specified by the Minister in the Government Gazette.

Section 54. No person shall, without permission from the competent official, bring into the Kingdom such kind of aquatic animals as specified by a Royal Decree.

Section 55. No person shall introduce in any fisheries any kind of aquatic animals as specified by a Royal Decree, unless permission has been obtained from the competent official.

Section 56. The competent official shall have the power to enter at any time any fisheries or board any fishing vessel of any person for the purpose of inspecting the fishing, fishing appliance, aquatic animals, accounts and document of the licensee. The licensee must give facilities and explanations to the competent official.

Section 57. If any person is found committing an offence under this Act or there is a reasonable ground to suspect that he has committed such offence, the competent official shall have the power to arrest that person and seize the fishing appliance, aquatic animals and other things which are used in committing the offence for legal proceedings.

Section 58. The provincial governor shall have the power to order the licensee to remove all of his fishing appliance, structures or things placed in any fisheries in violation of this Act, or when the concession or license is expired. The expenses of the removal shall be borne by the licensee.

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10 As amended by section 7 of the Fisheries Act (No. 3), B.E. 2528
Section 59. The competent official shall have the power to remove, demolish or seize appliance placed in any fisheries in violation of this Act, and other things specified in section 58 in case the order receiver fails to remove them within a reasonable time. The expenses of the removal shall be borne by the licensee or by the violator.

Section 60. Notification under this Act shall, if not specially provided in this Act, be made in writing and posted at the District Office or Provincial Office of the locality concerned for a period of not less than thirty days.

CHAPTER 6
Penalties

Section 61. Any person who violates section 11, 14, 15, 16, paragraph two, 23, 31, 34 or 52 shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two thousand Baht or to imprisonment not exceeding one month, or to both.

Section 62. Any person who violates section 9, 13, 17, 18, 21, 22, 30, 54 or 55 shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten thousand Baht or to imprisonment not exceeding six months, or to both.

Section 62 bis. Any person who violates section 19 or 20 shall be liable to imprisonment for six months to five years and to a fine of ten thousand to one hundred thousand Baht.

Section 62 ter. Any person who violates section 20 bis shall be liable to imprisonment not exceeding three years and to a fine not exceeding five hundred Baht.

Section 63. Any person who fails to comply with the Notification of the Minister issued under section 25 or 26 shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred Baht or to imprisonment not exceeding one month, or to both.

Section 64. Any person who uses the fishing appliance without license required by this Act under section 28, or fails to pay additional fishery tax under section 23, shall be liable to a fine of three times the amount of the tax. In this regard, the Director-General or the competent official entrusted by him shall have the power to settle the case.

Section 64 bis. Any person who fails to comply with the decision of the Committee under section 28 bis shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred thousand Baht or to imprisonment not exceeding five years, or to both.

Section 65. Any person who fails to comply with the Notification of the Minister or the provincial governor issued under section 32 shall be liable to a fine of five thousand to ten thousand Baht or to imprisonment not exceeding one year, or to both.

Section 66. Any person who fails to comply with section 35 shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Baht.
Section 67. Any person who has the duty to comply with section 50, 51, or 56 fails to do so, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one thousand Baht.

Section 67 bis. Any person who fails to comply with section 53 paragraph one or paragraph five shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty thousand Baht or to imprisonment not exceeding one year, or to both.

If such aquatic animal is the kind that may cause the danger under section 53 paragraph two, the violator shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred thousand and twenty thousand Baht or to imprisonment not exceeding six years, or to both.

Section 68. Any licensee who fails to comply with the order of the provincial governor given under section 58 shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred Baht or to imprisonment not exceeding six months, or to both.

Section 69. Vessels, fishing appliance, aquatic animals and other things used in or acquired through the committing of an offence under this Act may be forfeited by the Court. But, if it is the committing of an offence under section 19 or 20, such things must be forfeited by the Court.

Section 70. Fishing appliance which is absolutely prohibited to be used according to the notification issued under section 32, shall, if used in any fisheries, be forfeited by the Court.

Section 71. Any person who commits an offence under this Act must pay the informer a reward in money not exceeding two thousand Baht according to the rules determined by the Minister, and must compensate for the expenses which the competent official has spent in the carrying out of section 59. In the case where the offender is punished by the Court, he must be adjudged to pay the said monies. If the offender fails to pay such monies, section 18 of the Penal Code shall be dealt with as in the case of fine.

Section 72. Any person who demolishes, removes, or causes damages to lamps, demarcation posts, notification, or other things which are provided by the competent official in fisheries, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one thousand Baht or to imprisonment not exceeding one year, or to both.

Transitory Provisions

Section 73. Notifications determining the categories of fisheries, which were issued before the date of enforcement of this Act shall be regarded to be notifications issued under section 7 of this Act as from the date of enforcement of this Act.

The concession, license and permit which were granted before the date of enforcement of this Act shall be regarded to be the concession, license and permit, as the case may be, granted under this Act, and still be valid until the expiration of such concession, license and permit.

Counter-signature:
Rear-Admiral T. Damrong Nava Svasti
Prime Minister

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18 As added by section 14 of the Fisheries Act (No. 3), B.E. 2528
19 As amended by clause 5 of the Announcement of the National Executive Council, (No. 105)
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture

Re: Prohibition of Fishing Appliances, i.e., Gill Nets in Fishing in Chao Phraya River, in the locality of Samut Prakarn Province, Pra Nakorn Province and Thonburi Province

By virtue of section 32 (2) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, the Minister of Agriculture notifies the absolute prohibition of fishing appliances, i.e., gill nets in fishing in Cho Phraya River as from November 1, to the end of February of every year within the specified area as follows:

The boundary line of the area starts from the farthest north of King Rama the V Fort which is situated on the west bank of the Chao Phraya River, lies across the River up north to the north bank of the mouth of Lamphu Canal which is situated on the east bank of Chao Phraya River. Then it lies parallel to the two sides of the bank of Chao Phraya River up to the north in the locality of Samut Prakarn Province, Pra Nakorn Province and Thonburi Province until meets the boundary line of Pra Nakorn Province, Nonthaburi Province and the boundary line of Thonburi Province and Nonthaburi Province.

Provided that the Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture dated February 13, B.E. 2491 shall be repealed and replaced by this Notification from now on.

Given on June 18, B.E. 2491

(Signed) Colonel Nom Ketnuti
Acting for the Minister of Agriculture
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture
Re: Prohibition of Nets and Certain Kinds of Fishing Appliances in Fishing in any Canal, Stream, Gully, Creek, Waterway, Ditch or Pond which are Public Fisheries

Whereas the Ministry of Agriculture is of opinion that some public fisheries, i.e., a canal, stream, gully, creek, waterway, ditch or pond lying along a road, is a small and limited place opened for public to fish. But nowadays many persons have used a large size of fishing appliances such as nets or bamboo-strip fish trap in fishing for commercial purpose. As those acts cause a serious damage to aquatic animal varieties and because the said fisheries are places of very limited boundaries, it should allow only small fishing appliances to fish for family consumption purpose, in order to protect such animals from being destroyed in an inappropriate numbers.

It is, therefore, by virtue of section 32 (1) and (2) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, the Minister of Agriculture notifies the absolute prohibition of the following fishing appliances in fishing in any canal, stream, gully, creek, ditch or pond which are public fisheries:

1. All kinds and all sizes of nets and similar appliances or appliances of similar use;
2. All kinds of bamboo-strip fish trap (Furk) and barrage;
3. All kinds of lift nets of which the mouth diameter is more than 2 meters.

Provided that it shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication under section 60 of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490 has elapsed. When this Notification comes into force, the Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture, Re: Prohibition of Certain Kinds of Fishing Appliances in Fishing in a Canal and Creek which are Public Fisheries, dated May 28, B.E. 2501, shall be repealed.

Given on June 13, B.E. 2505

(Signed) General Surajit Jaruserani
Minister of Agriculture
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture

Re: Determination of Spawning Seasons and Kinds, Sizes and Methods of Using of Fishing Appliances

Whereas it is considered expedient to re-determine spawning seasons of fresh-water fish and kinds, sizes and methods of using of fishing appliances in order to protect the spawning and breeding fish from serious damage. The Minister of Agriculture, by virtue of section 32(1) (2) (4) (5) and (6) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, issues the Notification as follows:

Clause 1. Spawning seasons of fish in freshwater of every province shall begin from May 16 to September 15, every year.

Clause 2. No person shall, absolutely during the spawning seasons under clause 1 in any province, fish with any fishing appliance or by any method in any freshwater fishery, except

(a) Fishing in fisheries with fishing appliances of kinds, sizes and by methods as follows:

1. All kinds of hook-and-line, except long-line;
2. Sieves, hand nets, lift nets, hand lift nets (Yor), Cha-Nang of which the mouth diameter are more than 2 meters;
3. Fish trap named Sai, Toom, E-Chu, Lun, Pong and Tong;
   Fishing appliances in item no. 2 shall not be used by the method of combination of three pieces of appliances upward.
4. Fishing in cultivation ponds;
(b) Fishing for academic purpose or for collecting larvae or young aquatic animals for cultivation purpose, which obtains a written permission from the Director-General of the Department of Fisheries.

Provided that this Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication under section 60 of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490 has elapsed. When this Notification comes into force, the Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture, Re: Determination of Spawning Seasons and Kinds and Methods of Using of Fishing Appliances, dated April 27, B.E. 2502, shall be repealed.

Given on April 17, B.E. 2507

(Signed) General Surajit Jaruserani
Minister of Agriculture
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives

Re: Prohibition of All Kinds of Nets or other Similar Appliances of Similar Use in Fishing in any Swamp, Marsh and Reservoir throughout the Kingdom (No. 3), B.E. 2521

Whereas the Ministry of Agriculture considers that there appears a person using nets with small meshes to fish in a reservoir causing a serious damage to aquatic animal varieties. The use of such fishing appliances should, therefore, be absolutely prohibited in order to protect aquatic animal resources from such damage and for general and sustainable consumption thereof;

By virtue of section 32 (2) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives issues the Notification as follows:

Clause 1. The following shall be repealed:

(1) The Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture, Re: Prohibition of All Kinds of Seines or other Similar Appliances of Similar Use in fishing in Swamp or Marsh which is Public Fisheries, dated May 27, B.E. 2490;

(2) The Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives, Re: Prohibition of All Kinds of Seines and Nets or other Similar Appliances of Similar Use in Fishing in any Reservoir throughout the Kingdom (No. 3), B.E. 2521, dated January 12, B.E. 2521;

Clause 2. No person shall use any kind of seines such as surrounding nets, trawls or push nets, or other similar appliances of similar use to fish in any swamp, marsh and reservoir throughout the Kingdom.

Clause 3. This Notification shall not apply to the act of a competent official in academic research, which obtains a written permission from the Director-General of the Department of Fisheries.

This Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication under section 60 of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490 has elapsed.

Given on March 22, B.E. 2521

(Signed)  P. Kannasuth
(Mr. Preeda Kannasuth)
Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives

Re: Prohibition of Certain Kinds of Fishing Appliances in Fishing in a River, Canal, Swamp, Marsh and Reservoir (No. 1), B.E. 2521

Whereas it is expedient to prohibit the use of certain appliances of which their characteristics and methods of using may cause a serious damage to aquatic animal varieties, in fishing in fisheries of limited boundaries and in a river or swamp;

By virtue of section 32 (2) and (4) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives issues the Notification as follows:

Clause 1. The Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture, Re: Prohibition of Trawls or Push Nets with Motor Vessels in Fishing in a River, Canal, Swamp or Marsh, dated August 11, B.E. 2515, and other notifications contrary to or inconsistent with this Notification shall be repealed and replaced by this Notification.

Clause 2. No person shall absolutely use trawls, push nets, La-wa, Chip, shrimp push nets, krill push nets, bag-nets, any kind of lift nets or other similar appliance of similar use, to fish by using motor vessels fixed with the said appliances, in any river, canal, swamp, marsh or reservoir. Exemption shall be allowed to the use of such appliances by a competent official in fishing and in research for academic purpose, which obtains a written permission from the Director-General of the Department of Fisheries.

This Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication has elapsed.

Given on December 28, B.E. 2521

(Signed) P. Kannasuth
(Mr. Preeda Kannasuth)
Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Re: Prohibition of Fishing of Siamese tiger fish

Whereas it appears that, nowadays, Siamese tiger fish in freshwater are rare and almost extinct resulting from a large numbers of fishing and the export of living larvae of fish as ornamental fish. The Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives, therefore, deems expedient to impose measures to protect and conserve such aquatic animals from extinction and to live long;

By virtue of section 32 (7) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives issues the Notification as follows:

Clause 1. No person shall absolutely fish Siamese tiger fish. If such Siamese tiger fish is stuck with or caught by any appliances or any method, it must be freed into water immediately.

Clause 2. This Notification shall not apply to the act of a competent official in academic experiment or research or by any person obtains a written permission from the Director-General of the Department of Fisheries.

Clause 3. This Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication under section 60 of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490 has elapsed.

Given on March 13, B.E. 2532

(Signed) Charoen Kanthawong
(Mr. Charoen Kanthawong)
Deputy Minister Acting for
Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives
PICTURE OF SIAMESE TIGER FISH

Under the Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Re: Prohibition of Fishing of Siamese tiger fish,
Dated March 13, B.E. 2532

SIAMESE TIGER FISH (*Datnioides microlepis*)

**General Characteristics**
Being a freshwater fish having round shape and short body, laterally compressed, convex dorsal line but flat ventral, with glow yellow and slightly pink in color and having 6 black stripes. The biggest size found is 40 centimeters long.

**Food**
Water flies, larvae of fish and shrimps

**Habitat**
In the past, plenty of them were found in Chao Phraya River from Ayudthaya Province up to Pakknam Poe and Boung Borapeth Reservoir. At present, it is rarely found. However, it is still found in Mae Khong River in the locality of Nong Kai, Nakhorn Panom and Ubon Rajathani Provinces. The northeast people call it “Pla Lard”.

[Image of Siamese Tiger Fish]
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives

Re: Prohibition of Fishing of Mekhong Giant Catfish in Mekhong River

Whereas it appears to the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives that Mekhong giant catfish is the biggest freshwater fish in the world having its habitat only in Mekhong River and almost extinct resulting from a large numbers of fishing for consumption purpose. The giant catfish caught are mostly in breeding period or having semen ready for breeding or spawning. If free fishing has been permitted without any control, it may cause the decreasing or the extinction of giant catfish population in the future. It is, therefore, expedient to impose measures to protect and conserve such aquatic animal resources in the category of Mekhong giant catfish in Mekhong River in order to increase their numbers before being caught for consumption or commercial purpose;

By virtue of section 32 (5) (6) and (7) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives issues the Notification as follows:

Clause 1. No person shall absolutely fish Mekhong giant catfish in the area of Mekhong River in the locality of Nong Kai, Loi, Mookdahan, Nakhorn Panom, Ubon Rajathani and Chieng Rai Provinces, unless a written permission is obtained from the Director-General of the Department of Fisheries or from a competent official entrusted by him.

Clause 2. Kinds, sizes, numbers and period of time to be permitted for fishing shall be determined by the Director-General of the Department of Fisheries.

Clause 3. This Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication under section 60 of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490 has elapsed.

Given on July 2, B.E. 2533

Signed) Charoen Kanthawong
(Mr. Charoen Kanthawong)
Deputy Minister Acting for
Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture

Re: Prohibition of Trawls and Push Nets Used with Motor Vessels in Fishing in the Lake in Songkhla and Pattalung Provinces

Whereas the Ministry of Agriculture considers that the Lake of Songkhla beginning from the mouth of the Lake adjoining to Ta Lae Nok in the locality of Songkhla Province inward to the inner part of the Lake including Ta Lae Noi in the locality of Pattalung Province is the habitat of many aquatic animals of economical value. At present, however, there appears a person using appliances dangerous to aquatic animal varieties in fishing in the Lake. The Ministry of Agriculture, therefore, deems expedient to conserve such aquatic animals in order that general public shall utilize such precious resources of the Lake in sustainable manner;

By virtue of section 32 (2) and (4) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, the Minister of Agriculture issues the Notification prohibiting the use of trawls, push nets, La-wa, Chip, shrimp push nets, krill push nets, or other similar nets of similar use, which used with a motor vessel or with an engine, absolutely in fishing throughout the Lake of Songkhla including the inner lake and Ta Lae Noi in the locality of Songkhla and Pattalung Provinces. Exemption shall be allowed to the act of a competent official in experiment or research for academic purpose, which obtains a written permission from the Director-General of the Department of Fisheries.

Provided that this Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication under section 60 of the Fisheries Act, B.E. 2490 has elapsed. When this Notification comes into force, the Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture, Re: Prohibition of trawls, in Fishing in the Lake in Songkhla province and Pattalung Province, dated March 21, B.E. 2505, and the notifications of provincial governors with the approval of the Minister of Agriculture, which are contrary to or inconsistent with this Notification shall be repealed.

Given on August 11, B.E. 2515

(Signed) P. Kannasuth
(Mr. Preeda Kannasuth)
Permanent Secretary
Acting for Minister of Agriculture
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Re: Prohibition of Fishing Appliances, i.e., Auan Rang and Furk Rang in Fishing

Whereas the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives considers that some fishing appliances being used in fishing, i.e., Auan Rang and Furk Rang are harmful to young aquatic animals, it is expedient to prohibit the use of such appliances absolutely in freshwater and in the sea.

By virtue of section 32 (2) and (4) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives issues the Notification as follows:

Clause 1. No person shall use Auan Rang and Furk Rang absolutely in fishing in freshwater and in marine water throughout the Kingdom. Exemption shall be allowed only to the act of a competent official for academic purpose and obtains a written permission from the Director-General of the Department of Fisheries.

Clause 2. The Notification of the Ministry of the Agriculture, Re: Determination of Sizes of Meshes of Auan Rang and Furk Rang, dated August 29, B.E. 2494 and other notifications contrary to or inconsistent with this Notification shall be repealed as from the date this Notification comes into force.

This Notification shall come into force as from April 1, B.E. 2518.

Given on November 11, B.E. 2517

(Signed) Thalurng Thamrong-Nava-Swasdi
(Mr. Thalurng Thamrong-Nava-Swasdi)
Deputy Minister
Acting Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives

Re: Prohibition of Set Bag nets in Fishing in the Lake of Songkhla in Songkhla and Pattalung Provinces

Whereas the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives considers that the Lake of Songkhla of which its area begins from the mouth of the Lake adjoining to the outer Lake in the locality of Pak Raw, Tambol Cha-lae, Muang District of Songkhla Province, throughout the area in the locality of Pak Payoon District of Pattalung Province, is the habitat of many young aquatic animals of economical value. At present, however, there appear many persons using appliances called “set bag nets” in fishing which causes a serious damage to aquatic animal varieties in the Lake. The Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives, therefore, deems expedient to conserve such aquatic animal varieties in order that this kind of precious resource of the Lake shall live long and beneficial to the public forever;

By virtue of section 32 (2) and (4) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives issues the Notification prohibiting the use of Set Bag nets or any kind and size of other similar appliance of similar use absolutely in fishing by any method throughout the Lake of Songkhla, during the period of January 15 to May 31 every year, in the following areas:

1. Fisheries area beginning from the mouth of the Lake adjoining to the outer Lake in the locality of Pak Raw, Tambol Cha-lae, Muang District of Songkhla Province, lying with full width of the water including the High Sea to the east to Nang Kham Island thoroughly to the area between the farthest north of Nang Kham Island in the locality of Pak Payoon District of Pattalung Province and the opposite side at the mouth of Chong Sai Canal in the locality of Sting-pra District of Songkhla Province;

2. Klong Luang Fisheries area which is located on the south and on the west side of Nang Kham Island, beginning from the junction with the High Sea lying with full width of the water thoroughly to the front of Pak Payoon Town Hall, Tambol Pak Payoon, Pak Payoon District of Pattalung Province;

3. Lam Klong Bang Plong Fisheries area which is located on the west side of Nang Kham Island and on the east of Nok Island, beginning from Klong Luang junction lying with full width of the water thoroughly to the mouth of Bang Plong Canal then crossing to Mak Island in the locality of Pak Payoon District of Pattalung Province;

4. Lam Klong Ramasoon Fisheries area beginning from Klong Luang junction lying with full width of the water including the High Sea thoroughly to the mouth of Klong Ramasoon in the locality of Pak Payoon District of Pattalung Province;

As appeared on the map annexed hereto.

Exemption shall be allowed to the act of a competent official for academic experiment or research purpose and obtains a written permission from the Director-General of the Department of Fisheries.

Provided that this Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication under section 60 of the Fisheries Act, B.E. 2490 has elapsed.

Given on March 22, B.E. 2519

(Signed) Darbchai Akkaraj
(Mr. Darbchai Akkaraj)
Deputy Minister
Acting Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives

Re: Prohibition of Set bag nets, Rua Sai Man, Kan Su Rua Sai Man and Li or other Similar Fishing Appliances of Similar Use in Fishing
No. 4 (B.E. 2521)

Whereas the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives considers that, at present, there appears many people use set bag nets, Rua Sai Man, Kan Su Rua Sai Man or Li to fish in a river, canal, swamp and marsh as well as in a sea gulf or bay without permission. Those acts cause a serious damage to aquatic animal varieties, impedes water communication and shallows waterways. It is, therefore, expedient to prevent such circumstances and for sustainable utilization of aquatic animal resources of general public.

By virtue of section 32 (2) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives issues the Notification as follows:

1. No person shall use set bag nets, Rua Sai Man, Kan Su Rua Sai Man, Li, or other similar fishing appliances of similar use in fishing in every fishery throughout the Kingdom.

2. This Notification shall not apply to a person permitted to fish by the competent official.

3. This Notification shall not apply to the act of a competent official for academic experiment or research purpose, which obtains a written permission from the Director-General of the Department of Fisheries.

This Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication under section 60 of the Fisheries Act, B.E. 2490 has elapsed.

Given on September 14, B.E. 2521

(Signed) P. Kannasuth
(Mr. Preeda Kannasuth)
Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives

Re: Prohibition of Surrounding Nets in Fishing in the Lake of Songkhla
No. 3 (B.E. 2537)

At present, there are measures prohibiting the use of surrounding nets or other kinds of nets of similar description or use in fishing in the Lake of Songkhla including the inner lake and Ta Lae Noi in the locality of Songkhla and Pattalung Provinces, except the use of small surrounding nets to fish *Corica* sp. during a permitted period; and

Whereas the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives also considers that the Lake of Songkhla is a habitat of aquatic animals of economical value. The permission to use small-size surrounding nets may cause a serious damage to other kinds of aquatic animals. It is, therefore, inappropriate to no longer exempt such fishing appliances in fishing, in order to protect such aquatic animal resources from being destroyed in an improper amount and for sustainable utilization of such resources of general public;

By virtue of section 32 (2) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives issues the Notification as follows:

Clause 1. The Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives, Re: Prohibition of Surrounding Nets in fishing in the Lake of Songkhla, No. 2 (B.E. 2523), dated April 8, B.E. 2523, shall be repealed.

Clause 2. No person shall use of surrounding nets or other kinds of nets of similar description or use absolutely in fishing in the whole area of the Lake of Songkhla including the inner lake and Ta Lae Noi, in the locality of Songkhla and Pattalung Provinces.

Clause 3. This Notification shall not apply to the fishing or any other act for academic experiment or research purpose, which obtains a written permission from the Director-General of the Department of Fisheries.

This Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication under section 60 of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490 has elapsed.

Given on February 15, B.E. 2537

(Signed)    Sawad Soubsaiphrom
            (Mr. Sawad Soubsaiphrom)
            Deputy Minister
            Acting for Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture

Re: Prohibition of Fishing of All Kinds of Sea Turtles and Tortoises, including their Eggs

By virtue of section 32 (7) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, the Minister of Agriculture notifies as follows:

Clause 1. No person shall absolutely catch, trap, injure or kill all kinds of sea turtles and tortoises. If any turtle or tortoise has been stuck with or caught by any appliance, it must be freed into the sea immediately.

Clause 2. No person shall, absolutely at any beach, collect eggs of sea turtles and tortoises, except a person permitted by the competent official.

Provided that, from April 14, B.E. 2490

Given on April 14, B.E. 2490

(Signed) Jaroon Soupsang
(Mr. Jaroon Soupsang)
Minister of Agriculture
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture

Re: Prohibition of Fishing of Sea Cow

By virtue of section 32 (7) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, the Minister of Agriculture notifies that no person shall absolutely catch, trap, injure or kill sea cows. If sea cows has been stuck with or caught by any appliance or by any means, it must be freed into the water immediately.

Provided that this Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication has elapsed.

Given on August 9, B.E. 2504

(Signed) Surajit Jaruserani
(General Surajit Jaruserani)
Minister of Agriculture
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives

Re: Absolute Prohibition of Fishing of any Kind of Aquatic Animals
(No. 3), B.E. 2521

Whereas the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives considers that the sea on the side of the Gulf of Thailand is rich in many kinds of corals and coral stones and, nowadays, there appears a person has used some appliances to fish them resulting in their serious damage. It is expedient to conserve such corals and coral stones which are precious resources of the country to be in good condition for a long time;

By virtue of section 32 (7) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives issues the Notification as follows:

“No person shall, by whatever means, fish any kind and any size of corals and coral stones in any sea or gulf or bay in a seaside province, except the fishing of a competent official for academic purpose which obtains a written permission from the Director-General of the Department of Fisheries.”

This Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication under section 60 of the Fisheries Act, B.E. 2490 has elapsed. When this Notification comes into force, the Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives, Re: Prohibition of Fishing in Surrounding Areas of Tao Island and Hang Tao Island, Surat Thani Province, dated July 14, B.E. 2519, shall be repealed.

Given on January 10, B.E. 2521

(Signed) P. Kannasuth
(Mr. Preeda Kannasuth)
Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives

Re: Absolute Prohibition of any Kind of Fishing Appliance in Fishing Horseshoe Crabs in Spawning Season in Pang-nga Bay in the Locality of Muang Pang-nga, Takua Toong and Tabput Districts and Ging Amphoe Koh Yao

Whereas the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives considers that a horseshoe crab is an aquatic animal of economical value and its eggs is very popular among people for consumption. It is found from academic survey that the area of Pang-nga Bay is rich of horseshoe crabs and every year they come to lay their eggs during December to February. During such spawning season, many persons use certain appliances to fish them causing a serious damage to horseshoe crabs in Pang-nga Bay. If the situation continues, it may lead to their extinction. It is expedient to impose measures to conserve a horseshoe crab, which is a precious resource of the country for a sustainable utilization;

By virtue of section 32 (7) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, the Minister of Agriculture of Cooperatives issues the Notification as follows:

“No person shall, absolutely during December 1 to the end of February every year, fish any kind and any size of horseshoe crabs by whatever means in Pang-nga Bay including a river or canal in the area of the mouth of the Bay, in the locality of Muang Pang-nga, Takua Toong and Tabput Districts and Ging Amphoe Koh Yao. Exemption shall be allowed to the fishing of a competent official for academic purpose which obtains a written permission from the Director-General of the Department of Fisheries.”

This Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication under section 60 of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490 has elapsed.

Given on January 5, B.E. 2525

(Signed) Boon-Ur Prasertsuwan
(Mr. Boon-Ur Prasertsuwan)
Deputy Minister
Acting for Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives

Re: Prohibition of Fishing of Berried Female Crabs

Whereas the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives considers that a sea crab is an animal of economical value because of its good tasted, which is popular among domestic consumers as well as for exportation. It is found from the academic survey that if it is left undisturbed for a while at the period when its eggs are out of its crusts, each female crab may give birth to a large numbers of young crabs. The fishing of berried female crabs during spawning season beginning from October to December every year, therefore, destroys a crab variety. It is expedient to impose measures to conserve sea crabs by controlling the fishing of them within such period in order to leave female crabs to breeding before being caught for consumption or for sale;

By virtue of section 32 (7) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives issues the Notification as follows:

1. No person shall, during October to December every year, fish the following crabs with their eggs out of crusts by any methods:
   1. *Scylla serrata* (Forskall);
   2. *Portunus pelagicus* (Linnaeus)
   3. *Charybdis ferriatus* (Linnaeus)

2. This Notification shall not apply to the act of a competent official for academic experiment or research purpose, which obtains a written permission from the Director-General of the Department of Fisheries.

This Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication under section 60 of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490 has elapsed.

Given on July 11, B.E. 2526

(Signed)  
Bor-rom Tantein  
(Mr. Bor-rom Tantein)  
Deputy Minister  
Acting for Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture

Re: Prohibition of Fishing of Ark Shells (or Cockle)

Whereas it is expedient to conserve ark shells varieties for cultivation purpose and expedient to determine certain kinds of appliances prohibited to use in fishing as well as the sizes of ark shells prohibited to fish;

By virtue of section 32 (2) (6) and (7) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives issues the Notification as follows:

Clause 1. This Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication under section 60 of the Fisheries Act, B.E. 2490 has elapsed.

Clause 2. No person shall use any kind of fishing appliance which using with motor vessels in fishing ark shells by whatever methods, unless permission has been obtained from the competent official.

Clause 3. No person shall fish an ark shell the size of which is shorter than 6 millimeters. The measurement is made in straight line from the longest part of its shell.

Clause 4. This Notification shall not apply to the fishing of a competent official for academic experiment or research purpose, which obtains a written permission from the Director-General of the Department of Fisheries.

Given on August 28, B.E. 2528

(Signed)  
Bor-rom Tantein  
(Mr. Bor-rom Tantein)  
Deputy Minister  
Acting for Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Re: Prohibition of Fishing of Dolphins

Whereas, at present, a large numbers of dolphins have been fished from seas and if the fishing is allowed without any control, the dolphin population might be affected thereby. The situation might also cause mental effect to general public and the conservatives, especially when the dolphin conservation campaign is launching worldwide nowadays. Consequently, it may affect the exportation of fishery products of Thailand. The Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives, therefore, deems expedient to impose measures to prohibit the fishing of dolphins and to determine kinds, sizes and maximum numbers of aquatic animals to be allowed to fish in order to protect them from extinction and for their long living;

By virtue of section 32 (6) and (7) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives issues the Notification as follows:

Clause 1. No person shall fish dolphins absolutely in any sea in the locality of every seaside province, unless a written permission is obtained from the Director-General of the Department of Fisheries or the competent official entrusted by him.

Clause 2. Kinds, sizes and maximum numbers of aquatic animals to be permitted to fish, shall be determined by the Director-General of the Department of Fisheries.

Clause 3. This Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication under section 60 of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490 has elapsed.

Given on June 18, B.E. 2533

(Signed) Charoen Kanthawong
(Mr. Charoen Kanthawong)
Deputy Minister
Acting for Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives

Re: Determination of Areas in which Fishing Appliances, i.e., Trawls and Push Nets used with Motor Vessels, are Prohibited

Whereas it is known that the coastal area is habitat of young aquatic animals and a place where they spawn and fishermen have used manpower and small mobile fishing appliances and stationary gear in their fishing for long times. At present, however, there appear many persons using trawls attached with bags with motor vessels in their fishing causing a large numbers of larval aquatic animals, mostly of economical value, and eggs of aquatic animals in shallow coastal water to be caught and destroyed. Moreover, it appears that such fisherman has intruded a stationary gear area of other person and causes damage and often makes a quarrel among them. In order to conserve young aquatic animals and their eggs from being caught or destroyed, the Ministry of Agriculture deems expedient to determines area in which the using of trawls with motor vessels in fishing in shallow coastal water are prohibited;

By virtue of section 32 (2) and (4) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, the Minister of Agriculture issues the Notification as follows:

Clause 1. No person shall, absolutely within the area of 3,000 meters (75 Sen) from the coastal water line measuring at the time of fishing and of 400 meters (10 Sen) surrounding a place of all kinds of stationary gear permitted for fishing in the sea or gulf or bay in any province, use a trawl with any motor vessel by any method. Exemption shall be allowed to the act of a competent official for academic purpose and obtains a written permission from the Director-General of the Department of Fisheries.

Clause 2. The Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture, Re: Determining of the Area in which Trawls and Push Nets are Prohibited, dated February 17, B.E. 2507 and Notifications of provincial governors with the approval of the Minister of Agriculture that are contrary to or inconsistent with this Notification shall be repealed from the day this Notification comes into force.

Clause 3. This Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication under section 60 of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490 has elapsed.

Given on July 20, B.E. 2515

(Signed) P. Kannasuth
(Mr. Preeda Kannasuth)
Permanent Secretary to the Ministry of Agriculture
Acting Minister of Agriculture
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives

Re: Determination of Areas in which Dredges used with Motor Vessels Are Prohibited in Fishing of Bivalves

Whereas it appears a person has used dredge with a motor vessel in fishing many kinds of bivalves causing inappropriate damage to them. The Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives, therefore, deems expedient to impose protection measures for the sustainable utilization of this resource of the general public.

By virtue of section 32 (2) and (4) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives notifies that no person, absolutely within the distance of 3,000 meters from the coastal water line measuring at the time of fishing, use all kinds and all sizes of dredges or other similar appliances of similar use in fishing by any method in any seaside province. Exemption shall be allowed to the act of a competent official for academic purpose and obtains a written permission from the Director-General of the Department of Fisheries.

Provided that this Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication under section 60 of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490 has elapsed.

Given on February 18, B.E. 2517

(Signed) Chakkrabhan

(MC. Chakkrabhan-Pensiri Chakkrabhan)
Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives

Re: Determination of Areas in which Dredges used with Motor Vessels Are Prohibited in Fishing of Bivalves in Samut Sakorn Province

Whereas the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives considers that in the Gulf of Thailand, in the locality of Tambol Pantai Norasing, Tambol Kokkham and Tambol Bang Ya Praek, Samut Sakorn Province, is habitat of many kinds of bivalves where people can catch undulated surf clam for their daily lives. At present, however, it appears a person using shellfish dredge with a motor vessel in fishing them causing inappropriate damage to this kind of aquatic animal. It is, therefore, deemed expedient to impose protection measures for the sustainable utilization of this resource of the general public.

By virtue of section 32 (2) and (4) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives notifies that no person shall, absolutely within the area beginning from the mouth of Sao Tong Canal in Tambol Pantai Norasing at the meeting point of Latitude North 13°-29'-24" and Longitude East 100°-24'-40" in Muang District of Samut Sakorn Province, lying straight down south for 8 kilometers until meets with the meeting point of Latitude North 13°-25'-00" and Longitude East 100°-24'-40", running straight to the west to the meeting point of Latitude North 13°-23'-25" and Longitude East 100°-13'-20" then lies straight up north for 8 kilometers until meets the mouth of Bang Kra Chao Canal in Tambol Bang Ya Praek at the meeting point of Latitude North 13°-27'-50" and Longitude East 100°-23'-25" in Muang District of Samut Sakorn Province, as appeared on the map attached hereto, use all kinds and all sizes of shellfish dredges or other similar appliances of similar use, with motor vessels, in fishing of bivalves by any method whatsoever.

Provided that this Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication under section 60 of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490 has elapsed. When this Notification has come into force, any provision of other Notifications that contrary to or inconsistent with this Notification shall be repealed.

Given on June 17, B.E. 2518

(Signed)  Tavich Klinpratoom
(Mr. Tavich Klinpratoom)
Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Map attached to Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives

Re: Determination of Areas in which Dredges used with Motor Vessels Are Prohibited in Fishing of Bivalves in Samut Sakorn Province Given on June 17, B.E. 2518
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Re: Prohibition of Fishing in Fisheries in Sattahip Bay, Chonburi Province

Whereas the Ministry of Education has issued the Notification dated November 8, B.E. 2517 determining the area in the Gulf of Thailand in the locality of Chonburi Province to be an area in which the diving and searching for ancient objects or objects of art under the Act on Ancient Sites, Ancient Objects, Objects of Art and National Museum B.E. 2504 is prohibited, and the Department of Fine Arts shall, on the next occasion, bring them as well as an ancient boat out of the water for national education. The Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives, therefore, deems expedient to impose measures to prevent such precious remaining of ancient boat or ancient object sunk in that area from being damaged by the fishing therein;

By virtue of section 32 (2) and (4) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives notifies that no person shall, absolutely within the area in Sattahip Bay in the locality of Sattahip District, Chonburi Province, surrounding by the Latitude North 12°-36'-00" to 12°- 39' - 00" and Longitude East 100°- 41'- 00" to 100°- 44'- 00", as appeared on the map attached hereto, use any kind and any size of fishing appliance in fishing by any method whatsoever.

Provided that this Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication under section 60 of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490 has elapsed. When this Notification has come into force, any provision of other notifications contrary to or inconsistent with this Notification shall be repealed.

Given on June 26, B.E. 2518

(Signed) Tavich Klinpratoom
(Mr. Tavich Klinpratoom)
Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Map attached to Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives

Re: Prohibition of Fishing in Fisheries in Sattahip Bay, Chonburi Province
dated on June 26, B.E. 2518

Lat 12°-39'-00" N
Long 100°-41'-00" E

Lat 12°-36'-00" N
Long 100°-41'-00" E

Lat 12°-39'-00" N
Long 100°-44'-00" E

Lat 12°-36'-00" N
Long 100°-44'-00" E

Area closed

scale 1:240,000

Km
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives

Re: Prohibition of Trawls attached with nets and Push Nets in Fishing in Chonburi Province

Whereas the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives considers that there are many islands in the Gulf of Thailand in the locality of Chonburi Province and they are shelters and habitats of young aquatic animals. At present, however, a large numbers of persons engaging in fishing have used trawls or push nets in fishing in that area. It is expedient to conserve such aquatic animal varieties from being caught or destroyed in an inappropriate amount and for the efficient and sustainable utilization of marine resources;

By virtue of section 32 (2) and (4) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives notifies that no person shall, absolutely within the area surrounded by the line beginning from Koh Loi in Sriracha District, running straight to Sampayue Rock and passing Luem Island, Maravichai Island, Rin Island, back sides of Lai Kram Island, Chuang Island and Chan Island, Chang Klua Island and Rade Island, until meeting with Chong Same San lighthouse in the locality of Sattahip District, as appeared on the map attached hereto, use any kind and any size of trawls, push nets, La-wa, Chip, shrimp push nets, krill push nets and all kinds of bag-nets, with motor vessels in fishing by any means as from September 1 to the end of February of every year.

Provided that this Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication under section 60 of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490 has elapsed. When this Notification has come into force, the Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture, Re: Determining of the Area in which Trawls and Push Nets are prohibited in Fishing in the Locality of Chonburi Province, dated January 15, B.E. 2515 and any provision of other notifications contrary to or inconsistent with this Notification shall be repealed.

Given on June 26, B.E. 2518

(Signed)  Tavich Klinpratoom

(Mr. Tavich Klinpratoom)
Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Map Attached to Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives

Re: Prohibition of Trawls attached with nets and Push Nets in Fishing in Chonburi Province dated on June 26, B.E. 2518

Prohibited Area cover approximately 54 km²
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives

Re: Prohibition of Fishing in the Area Surrounding Tao Island and Hang Tao Island, Surat Thani Province

Whereas the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives considers that marine natural resource in the area surrounding Tao Island and Hang Tao Island in the locality of Koh Pa-ngan District and Koh Samui District, Surat Thani Province, which is a habitat of several kinds of corals as well as fish and other marine animals and regarded as one of the most beautiful places in the Gulf of Thailand. At present, however, there appears a person using certain kinds of fishing appliances in fishing causing a serious damage to the habitat of such aquatic animals and corals. It is, therefore, expedient to conserve fishery resource in such area in order to conserve the natural environment in the area of Tao Island to be in good conditions forever;

By virtue of section 32 (2) (4) and (7) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives issues the Notification as follows:

Clause 1. No person shall, absolutely within the distance of 3,000 meters in length surrounding Tao Island and Hang Tao Island measuring from the coastal water line at the time of fishing, fish any kind and any size of corals or coral stone by any means whatsoever.

Clause 2. No person shall, absolutely within the distance of 3,000 meters in length surrounding Tao Island and Hang Tao Island measuring from the coastal water line at the time of fishing, use any kind and any size of fishing appliances in fishing except fishing with long-line, gill nets or marine trap.

Exemption shall be allowed to the act of a competent official for academic purpose and obtains a written permission from the Director-General of the Department of Fisheries.

This Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication under section 60 of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490 has elapsed. When this Notification has come into force, any provision of other notifications contrary to or inconsistent with this Notification shall be repealed.

Given on January 13, B.E. 2519

(Signed) Tavich Klinpratoom
(Mr. Tavich Klinpratoom)
Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives
No. 1
Re: Prohibition of Trawls and Push Nets in Fishing in Phang Nga Bay

Whereas the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives considers there are many islands in the area of Pang-nga Bay in the locality of Pang-nga, Phuket and Krabi Provinces which are spawning places of aquatic animals and a growing places of young aquatic animals. At present, there appear many persons engaging in fishing have used trawls or push nets in fishing in such area. In order to prevent aquatic animals from being caught or damaged in an inappropriate amount so as to conserve such aquatic animal resource for sustainable utilization;

By virtue of section 32 (2) and (4) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives issues the Notification as follows:

Clause 1. No person shall, absolutely within the distance of 3,000 meters in length surrounding Tao Island and Hang Tao Island measuring from the coastal water line at the time of fishing, fish any kind and any size of corals or coral stone by any means whatsoever.

Clause 2. This Notification shall not apply to the act of a competent official in experiment or research for academic purpose and obtains a written permission from the Director-General of the Department of Fisheries.

This Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication under section 60 of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490 has elapsed.

Given on August 1, B.E. 2522

(Signed)  Aporn Sripipat
(Mr. Aporn Sripipat)
Deputy Minister
Acting for Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Map attached to Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives No. 1

Re: Prohibition of Trawls and Push Nets in Fishing in Phang Nga Bay dated on August 1, B.E. 2522

Scale 1: 600,000
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives

Re: Using of Trawls and Push Nets with Motor Vessels in Fishing in Pang-nga Bay, No. 3 (B.E. 2523)

Whereas, at present, a large numbers of people has used trawls or push nets with motor vessels in fishing in the Gulf of Thailand and the sea on the Indian Ocean side which is not in balance numbers with natural aquatic animals and causes the decrease of their population. If the situation continues without any control measures, it may cause damage to aquatic animal resource and fishery economics of the country. It is, therefore, expedient to control the quantity of fishing with trawls and push nets at the maximum level of economic benefit;

By virtue of section 32 (1) and (2) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives issues the Notification as follows:

Clause 1. Trawls or push nets to be used with motor vessels in fishing shall be those of kinds and sizes and in numbers that has already been permitted only.

Clause 2. The numbers of trawls or push nets used with motor vessels in fishing shall be those determined by the Director-General of Department of Fisheries.

Clause 3. This Notification shall not apply to the use of a trawl or push net with a motor vessel in fishing of a competent official in experiment or research for academic purpose and obtains a written permission from the Director-General of the Department of Fisheries.

This Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication under section 60 of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490 has elapsed.

Given on March 26, B.E. 2523

(Signed)  Major Kris Sangkasap
          (Kris Sangkasap)
          Deputy Minister

Acting for Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives

Re: Prohibition of Trawls and Push Nets Used with Motor Vessels in Fishing (No. 2)

At present, it appears that, during October to February of every year, the shore of Tarutao Island, Satool Province is rich of squids enough for economical fishing. In this regard, a person engaging in fishing has asked for grace period to fish in that area during that season;

By virtue of section 32 (2) and (4) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives issues the Notification as follows:

"A person shall, within the distance of 1,000 meters (25 Sen) measuring from the coastal water line surrounding Tarutao Island in Satool Province, use trawls, push nets, La-wa, Chip, shrimp push nets, krill push nets and all kinds and all sizes of bag-nets with motor vessels in fishing by any method, regardless of the Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives, Re: Determination of the Area in which Trawls and Push Nets used with Motor Vessels is Prohibited, dated July 20, B.E. 2515."

This Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication under section 60 of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490 has elapsed.

Given on October 17, B.E. 2523

(Signed) Banhan Silpa-Archa
(Mr. Banhan Silpa-Archa)
Acting for Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives

Re: Prohibition of the Using of Nets or Any Kind of Fishing Appliance
with Luring Electric Lights in Fishing Squids

Whereas the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives considers that, at present, persons engaging in fishing has used certain kinds of vessels modified as an electric generating vessel for luring or trapping squids and has used nets or hand-lifting nets of very small meshes in fishing many small squids which are not big enough for a proper utilization. This situation causes an inappropriate damage to aquatic animal resource and its continuation may decrease cuttlefish population to its extinction. It is expedient to conserve such cuttlefish varieties;

By virtue of section 32 (1) and (4) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives issues the Notification as follows:

Clause 1. No person shall use a net or any kind of appliance having mesh of less than 3.2 centimeters in width each, measuring from the center of one knot to the center of the other knot when the appliance lies straight, with an electricity generator (or dynamo) absolutely in fishing squids in any sea, gulf or bay in any seaside province. Exemption shall be allowed to the act of a competent official for academic purpose and obtains a written permission from the Director-General of the Department of Fisheries.

Clause 2. This Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication under section 60 of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490 has elapsed.

Given on November 5, B.E. 2524

(Signed) Narong Wongwan
(Narong Wongwan)
Deputy Minister
Acting Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives

Re: Prohibition of the Using of Mineral Sucking Machine or Similar Appliances of Similar Use in Fishing

At present, there appear persons engaging in fishing using mineral sucking machine modified as fishing appliances by means of sucking various kinds of aquatic animals that live in the water or the bottom ground of the sea for their use causing a serious damage to aquatic animal varieties. Since it is not only the entire mollusks of economical value would be suck up leaving none of them for breeding but also other young aquatic animals and eggs of certain kinds of animals as well as their food in mud. This affects the living environment of aquatic animals and their food and its continuation may cause a serious damage to aquatic animal resource. The Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives, therefore, deems expedient to impose protection measures for the sustainable utilization of them for general public;

By virtue of section 32 (2) and (4) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives notifies that no person shall use mineral sucking machine or similar appliances of similar use absolutely in fishing, except a competent official who fishes for academic purpose and obtains a written permission from the Director-General of the Department of Fisheries.

Provided that, this Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication under section 60 of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490 has elapsed.

Given on September 2, B.E. 2525

(Signed)  Boon-Ur Prasertsuwan
            (Mr. Boon-Ur Prasertsuwan)
            Deputy Minister
            Acting for Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives

Re: Prohibition of Any Kind, Category and Size of Surrounding Nets with an Electricity Generator to Fish in Certain Areas of the Sea in Trad Province, B.E. 2538

At present, it appears that some persons engaging in fishing have modified fishing appliances, i.e., surrounding nets in fishing aquatic animals by using light from an electricity generator to lure or trap them, therefore many young aquatic animals of economical value were caught. This act causes a serious damage to aquatic animal varieties and its continuation may lead to the extinction thereof. It is expedient to impose conservation measures of such valuable resource for sustainable utilization;

By virtue of section 32 (2) and (4) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives issues the Notification as follows:

Clause 1. This Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication under section 60 of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490 has elapsed.

Clause 2. No person shall use any kind, category and size of surrounding nets with an electricity generator (or dynamo) absolutely in fishing within the area of the sea beginning from Nam Cape as the 1st point to the 5th point as follows:

From 1st point: Latitude North 12°-2'-50" crossing with Longitude East 102°-35'-50" to the 2nd point;

From 2nd point: Latitude North 11°-56'-47" crossing with Longitude East 102°-35'-0" lies straight to the east to meet the 3rd point;

From 3rd point: Latitude North 11°-56'-46" crossing with Longitude East 102°-40'-0" lies straight to the northeast to meet the 4th point;

From 4th point: Latitude North 11°-37'-04" crossing with Longitude East 102°-49'-02" lies straight to the east ending at the boundary stone of Thailand and Cambodia which is the 5th point, as appeared on the map attached hereto.

Clause 3. This Notification shall not apply to the fishing in experiment or research for academic purpose and obtains a written permission from the Director-General of the Department of Fisheries.

Given on January 24, B.E. 2528

(Signed) Borrom Tantien
(Mr. Borrom Tantien)
Deputy Minister
Acting for Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Map attached to Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives

Re: Prohibition of Any Kind, Category and Size of Surrounding Nets with an Electricity Generator to Fish in Certain Areas of the Sea in Trad Province, B.E. 2538 dated on January 24, B.E. 2528

Laem Kanna
Laem Nam
Ao Trat
Camboia
Ko Kradat
Ko mak
Ko Kut
Laem Khlong Kluay
Kao Hua Maew
Khlong Yai

Lat 12° 2' 50" N
Long 102° 34' 50" E

Lat 11° 56' 46" N
Long 102° 40' 0" E

Lat 11° 56' 47" N
Long 102° 35' 0" E

Lat 11° 37' 04" N
Long 102° 49' 02" E

Map shows certain areas of the sea in Trad Province with coordinates for different locations along the coast.
At present, it appears from academic research that the area of the Gulf of Thailand on the side of Prachuab Kirikhan, Chumporn and Surat Thaini Provinces is rich of anchovies enough to be caught for economic purpose without destroying their varieties;

By virtue of section 32 (1) (4) and (5) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives issues the Notification as follows:

“Fishing appliances, i.e., surrounding nets shall be allowed to use in fishing anchovies in the sea in the locality of Prachuab Kirikhan, Chumporn and Surat Thaini Provinces, provided that only during February 15 to March 13 of every year, regardless of the Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives, Re: Using of Certain Kinds of Fishing Appliances in Spawning and Breeding Seasons in Some Localities during Determined Period, B.E. 2527.”

This Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication under section 60 of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490 has elapsed.

Given on January 11, B.E. 2531

(Signed) General Harn Leenanon
(Harn Leenanon)
Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives

Re: Specification of Poisonous Substances
under the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490

By virtue of section 19 of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, as amended by the Fisheries Act (No. 3) B.E. 2528, the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives issues the Notification as follows:

“The substances specified in the Schedule annexed hereto shall be poisonous substances under the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490.”

Given on January 20, B.E. 2532

(Signed) Charoen Kanthawong
(Mr. Charoen Kanthawong)
Deputy Minister
Acting for Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives
## Schedule of Poisonous Substances

Annexed to Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Re: Specification of Poisonous Substances under the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Common name</th>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Permitted In Water</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>DDT or substance called by other name but having same formula</td>
<td>1,1,1-trichloro-2,2-bis (p-chlorophenyl) ethane, or substance called by other name but having same formula</td>
<td>Not more than 0.05 ppm.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Dieldrin or substance called by other name but having same formula</td>
<td>Not less than 85% of 1,2,3,4,10,10-hexachloro-6,-7-epoxy-1,1,4,4a,5,6,7,8a-octahydro-1, 4-endo-exo-5,8-dimethan naphthalene, or substance called by other name but having same formula</td>
<td>Not more than 0.001 ppm.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Aldrin or substance called by other name but having same formula</td>
<td>Not less than 95% 1,2,3,4,10,10-hexachloro-1,4a,5,8a-hexahydro-1,4-endo-exo5,8-dimethanonaphthalene, or substance called by other name but having same formula</td>
<td>Not more than 0.001 ppm.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Heptachlor or substance called by other name but having same formula</td>
<td>1,4,5,6,7,8,8-heptachloro-3a,4,7,7a-tertrahydro-4,7-methanoindene, or substance called by other name but having same formula</td>
<td>Not more than 0.002 ppm.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Heptachlor epoxide or substance called by other name but having same formula</td>
<td>2,5 methano-2 H-nideno (1,2-6) oxirene, 2,3,4,5,6,7,7-heptachloro-1α,1b,5,5α,6,6α-hexahydro,(1αa,1bβ,2a,5αβ,6αa), or substance called by other name but having same formula</td>
<td>Not more than 0.002 ppm.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Carbofuran or substance called by other name but having same formula</td>
<td>2,3-dihydro-2,2-dmethyl-7-benzofuranyl methylcarbomate, or substance called by other name but having same formula</td>
<td>Not more than 0.05 ppm.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Endrin or substance called by other name but having same formula</td>
<td>(1R4s,5R,8s)-1,2,3,4,10,10-hexachloro1,4,4α,5,6,7,8,8α-octahydro-6,7-epoxy-1,4:5,8-dimeth anonaphthalene (principal constituent), or substance called by other name but having same formula</td>
<td>None.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No.</td>
<td>Common name</td>
<td>Chemical name</td>
<td>Permitted In Water</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>Chlorpyrifos or substance called by other name but having same formula</td>
<td>0,0-diehtyl 0-(3,5,6,-trichlor-2-pyridyl) phosphorothioate, or substance called by other name but having same formula</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.</td>
<td>Endosulfan or substance called by other name but having same formula</td>
<td>6,7,8,9,10-hexachloro-15,5a,6,9,9 a-hexhydro-6,9-methano-2,4 3-benzodioxathiepin 3-oxide</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>Deltamethrin or substance called by other name but having same formula</td>
<td>(s)-a-cyano-m phenoxybenzyl (1R,3R)-3-(2,2-dibromovinyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropane carboxylate, or substance called by other name but having same formula</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.</td>
<td>Sodiumcyanide or substance called by other name but having same formula</td>
<td>Sodiumcyanide or substance called by other name but having same formula</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.</td>
<td>Potassium cyanide or substance called by other name but having same formula</td>
<td>Potassium cyanide or substance called by other name but having same formula</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives

Re: Conditions imposed by the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives Regarding Permission to Aquatic Animals Fishing or Cultivation In Public Fisheries under the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490

By virtue of section 16 paragraph two of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives deems expedient to impose rules and conditions in granting permission to individual persons or competent officials to fish or cultivate aquatic animals in public fisheries, so as to be a general guideline for the competent official as follows:

Clause 1. Fishing in public fisheries shall be in accordance with laws and ministerial regulations, notifications, rules and regulations issued under the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490.

Clause 2. Cultivation of aquatic animals in public fisheries shall be as follows:

2.1 Province shall notify public fisheries as places to be permitted to cultivate aquatic animals, by complying with laws and ministerial regulations, notifications, rules and regulations issued under the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490;

2.2 Any person who wishes to cultivate aquatic animals in public fisheries that has not been notified by Province as places to be permitted to cultivate aquatic animals under 2.1 must submit an application to Nai Amphor (District Sheriff) or Palad Amphor (Deputy Sheriff of District) who is the head of Ging Amphor of that locality. Nai Amphor or Palad Amphor then reports his opinion to Province for consideration of granting permission on case by case basis,

2.3 The submission and granting permission to cultivate aquatic animals in public fisheries shall be in the Form and in accordance with the rules issued by the Department of Fisheries.

Clause 3. This Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication in the Government Gazette has elapsed.

Given on February 5, B.E. 2533

(Signed) Charoen Kanthawong
(Mr. Charoen Kanthawong)
Deputy Minister
Acting for Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives

Re: Determination of Sizes, Kinds, and Numbers of Shellfish dredges used with Motor Vessels Permitted in Fishing and Determination of Shellfish dredges with Motor Vessels of which the Sizes, Kinds, and Numbers to be Permitted and Absolutely Prohibited in Fishing

At present, it appears that persons engaging in fishing have used shellfish dredges with motor vessels in fishing many small undulated surf clams for their utilization. If this situation left continuing, it may, not only destroy natural resource, but also lead to the extinction of undulated surf clams. Therefore, for conserving undulated surf clams and aquatic animals so that they shall be enough for sustainable consumption of general public,

By virtue of section 32 (1) and (2) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives issues the Notification as follows:

Clause 1. The Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives, Re: Determination of Sizes, Kinds, and Numbers of Shellfish Dredges used with Motor Vessels Permitted in Fishing and Determination of Shellfish Dredges with Motor Vessels of which the Sizes, Kinds, and Numbers to be Permitted and Absolutely Prohibited in Fishing, dated April 23, B.E. 2528 shall be repealed.

Clause 2. Shellfish Dredges permitted to be used with motor vessels in fishing undulated surf clams in the sea shall be of the sizes, kinds, numbers and have component parts as follows:

(a) its mouth is not more than 3.5 meters in width;
(b) the width between each stripe shall not less than 1.2 centimeters, measuring from the inner side of one stripe those of the next stripe;
(c) the Length Over All of the motor vessel used with the appliance shall not more than 18 meters;
(d) numbers of appliances shall not more than 3 pieces (units) per 1 vessel.

Clause 3. No person shall absolutely use sheldish dredges other than those specified in clause 2 in fishing undulated surf clams in the sea.

Clause 4. This Notification shall not apply to the fishing in experiment or research for academic purpose and obtains a written permission from the Director-General of the Department of Fisheries.

Clause 5. This Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication under section 60 of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490 has elapsed.

Given on March 8, B.E. 2533

(Signed) Charoen Kanthawong
(Mr. Charoen Kanthawong)
Deputy Minister
Acting for Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives  
Re: Prohibition of Certain Kinds of Fishing Appliances in Spawning and Breeding Seasons in the Locality of Prachuab Kirikhan, Chumporn and Surat Thani Provinces  

Whereas, it appears that the Gulf of Thailand in the locality of Prachuab Kirikhan, Chumporn and Surat Thani Provinces is a place that some aquatic animals lay their eggs and for growing of their young. According to the study of life circles of some aquatic animals, they spawn, breed and their larvae nurture during February to May every year, especially Indo-Pacific mackerel, which are important and valuable aquatic animal resource for economy of the country. At present, however, a person engaging in fishing has developed and modified certain kinds of fishing appliances to be efficient to catch many brood stocks and young aquatic animals. In order to solve problems and to protect such aquatic animals as well as for the fertility and sustainable utilization of aquatic animals, the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives deems expedient to amend the measure on prohibition of using of fishing appliances in a prohibited area;  

By virtue of section 50 paragraph two of the Constitution of the Kingdom of Thailand B.E. 2540 and section 32 (1) (2) (4) and (5) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives issues the Notification as follows:  


Clause 2. Spawning and breeding seasons shall begin from February 15 to May 15 of every year.  

Clause 3. During the specified period under clause 2, no person shall use fishing appliances as follows:  

(1) Every kind of trawls used with motor vessels except trawls used with only one motor vessel of which the length is not more than 16 meters and fishing only on night time (during sunset and sunrise);  

(2) Gill Nets and Entangling Nets used with a motor vessel in fishing by method of entangling for catching mackerel or by other similar method;  

(3) Every kind of surrounding nets used with motor vessels.  

(4) Falling Nets or lift nets used with an electricity generator (or dynamo) in fishing of anchovies;
(5) Push nets used with a motor vessel of more than 16 meters in length;

Provided that in the area of the sea in the locality of Prachuab Kirikhan, Chumporn and Surat Thani Provinces, surrounded by a circle beginning from the end of Khao Mong Lai Cape as the 1st point to the 7th point as follows:

From 1st point: Latitude North 11°-49'-40" crossing with Longitude East 99°-50'-00"
in Prachuab Kirikhan Province lying straight to the east to meet the 2nd point;

From 2nd point: Latitude North 11°-49'-40" crossing with Longitude East 100°-15'-00" lying straight down to the south passing the locality in Chumporn Province to meet the 3rd point;

From 3rd point: Latitude North 9°-15'-00" crossing with Longitude East 100°-15'-00" lying straight to the east to meet the 4th point;

From 4th point: Latitude North 9°-15'-00" crossing with Longitude East 99°-55'-00"

lying straight to meet the 5th point;

From 5th point: Latitude North 9°-22'-00" crossing with Longitude East 99°-49'-00"

lying straight to meet the 6th point;

From 6th point: Latitude North 9°-22'-00" crossing with Longitude East 99°-44'-52"

lying straight down south to the shore to meet the 7th point;

From 7th point: Latitude North 9°-17'-00" crossing with Longitude East 99°-44'-52"
in Surat Thani Province which is the end of the 7th point,
as appeared on the map attached hereto.

Clause 4. The length of a motor vessel used with the fishing appliances under this Notification shall be measured by method of Length Over All (L.O.A.).

Clause 5. This Notification shall not apply to the fishing for academic purpose and obtains a written permission from the Director-General of the Department of Fisheries.

Clause 6. This Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication under section 60 of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490 has elapsed.

Given on September 24, B.E. 2542

(Signed) Anurak Jureemas
(Mr. Anurak Jureemas)
Deputy Minister
Acting Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Map attached to Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives

Re: Prohibition of Certain Kinds of Fishing Appliances in Spawning and Breeding Seasons
In the Locality of Prachuab Kirikhan, Chumporn and Surat Thani Provinces
dated on September 24, B.E. 2542
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives

Re: Prohibition of Surrounding Nets having Meshes of Smaller than 2.5 Centimeters in Width in Fishing at Night

Whereas the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives considers that nowadays many persons engaging in fishing have used surrounding nets of which the meshes are smaller than 2.5 centimeters in fishing at night (during sunset and sunrise). Those acts cause a young aquatic animals of economical value which is not grown enough to be caught resulting in a serious destruction of their varieties. If the situation continues, it may lead to the extinction thereof. It is expedient to impose measures to conserve such small aquatic animal resource of economical value for sustainable utilization;

By virtue of section 32 (1) and (2) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives issues the Notification as follows:

1. No person shall use surrounding nets of which the meshes are smaller than 2.5 centimeters absolutely in fishing at night (during sunset and sunrise) in the sea, gulf or bay in the locality of any seaside province. Exemption shall be allowed to the act of a competent official for academic purpose and obtains a written permission from the Director-General of the Department of Fisheries.

2. This Notification shall be posted up at the district office and provincial town hall of that locality for a period of not less than 30 days in accordance with section 60 of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490.

3. This Notification shall come into force as from January 1, B.E. 2535.

Given on November 14, B.E. 2534

(Signed) Arch Taolanon
(Mr. Arch Taolanon)
Deputy Minister
Acting Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives

Re: Prohibition of Certain Kinds of Appliances in Fishing in Fisheries, which are Habitat of Coral Reefs or Places of Underwater Rocks or Artificial Reefs

Whereas the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives considers that in using such fishing appliances as coral surrounding nets or underwater rocks surrounding, or may be called by general fishermen as “Japanese nets” or fish trapping nets or nets for trapping fish behind the rocks or fish in the rocks area, a user has to lay the net on the bottom ground of the sea surrounding a coral reef or underwater rock or artificial reef then treading on them to trap fish to go into the nets. This kind of fishing not only destroys aquatic animal varieties but also corals or underwater rocks, which are habitats of such animals. It is expedient to prohibit the using of such appliances in fishing in order to prevent the destruction thereof;

By virtue of section 32 (2) and (4) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives issues the Notification as follows:

Clause 1. The Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives, Re: Prohibition of Certain Kinds of Appliances in Fishing in the Area having Corals or Underwater Rocks in the Sea, Gulf or Bay in any Seaside Province, dated December 26 B.E. 2527 shall be repealed.

Clause 2. No person shall use appliances in the category of surrounding nets which may be called “Japanese nets” or fish trapping nets or nets for trapping fish behind the rocks or fish in the rocks area in fishing by method of laying it down on the bottom ground of the sea surrounding a coral reef or underwater rock or artificial reefs then treading on them to trap fish to go into the nets, absolutely in any sea, gulf or bay of any seaside province.

Clause 3. This Notification shall not apply to the fishing for academic purpose and obtains a written permission from the Director-General of the Department of Fisheries.

Clause 4. This Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication under section 60 of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490 has elapsed.

Given on February 10, B.E. 2540

(Signed) Sampao Prachuabmoh
(Mr. Sampao Prachuabmoh)
Deputy Minister
Acting for Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives

Re: Prohibition of Certain Kinds of Fishing Appliances in Spawning and Breeding Seasons in Some Localities during Specified Period (No. 3), B.E. 2537

According to the Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives, Re: Prohibition of Certain Kinds of Fishing Appliances in Spawning and Breeding Seasons in Some Localities during Specified Period (No. 2), dated January 11, B.E. 2531, it allows to use anchovy surrounding nets in fishing in the sea in the locality of Prachuab Kirikhan, Chumporn and Surat Thani Provinces only at night, During February 15 to March 15 every year, therefore, there are large numbers of vessels with anchovy surrounding nets to fish in the water of those three provinces; and

Whereas it is considered from the study of life circles of various kinds of aquatic animals, especially anchovies that their eggs and larvae has expanded highly in the area of 1 - 40 nautical miles offshore and during January to March. It is, therefore, expedient to impose an appropriate measure to conserve anchovy variety from being destroyed in an excessive amount and for the sustainable utilization of such aquatic animal resource of general public;

By virtue of section 32 (2) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives issues the Notification as follows:


Clause 2. This Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication under section 60 of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490 has elapsed.

Given on February 12, B.E. 2537

(Signed) Sawad Soupsaiphrom
(Mr. Sawad Soupsaiphrom)
Deputy Minister
Acting for Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives

Re: Providing any Person engaging in Fishing by using Anchovies Nets for Fishing must apply for Registration and Permission

As section 3 (4) of the Royal Decree determining any person engages in fishing, trading of aquatic animals or aquatic animal products or aquatic animal industry must apply for registration under the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, which published in the Government Gazette Volume 64, Part 17, dated April 14 B.E. 2490, provides that any person engaging in fishing by using every kind of nets must apply for registration and permission under the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490;

By virtue of section 25 of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, which is the Act containing certain provisions that restricts rights and liberties of persons and where section 29 together with sections 31, 36, 48 and 50 paragraph two, of the Constitution of the Kingdom of Thailand allow to be done by virtue of law, the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives notifies that any person who engages in fishing by using anchovies nets for fishing must apply for registration from the competent official under the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490 as follows:

Clause 1. A person engaging in fishing by using anchovies nets for fishing as follows must apply for registration under this Notification:

1.1 a person engaging in fishing by using falling nets with an electricity generator and motor vessel of which the length is less than 16 meters;

1.2 a person engaging in fishing by using lift nets with an electricity generator and motor vessel of which the length is less than 16 meters;

1.3 a person engaging in fishing by using anchovies surrounding nets for fishing at day time.

Clause 2. Any person who wishes to apply for registration must, without paying any application fee, submit an application in the Form attached hereto (Application 1 may be used mutatis mutandis) together with the following documents:

2.1 a copy of identification card or other card of the applicant issued by a state agency;

2.2 a copy of the Household Registration of the applicant;

2.3 a letter of authorization, in case the applicant acts on behalf of other person;

2.4 a company certification together with company objectives, in case the applicant is a juristic person (a legal entity);
2.5 a copy of license in the previous fishing year, (if any).

The applicant shall submit an application for registration and permission to *Nai Amphor* (District Sheriff) or *Palad Amphor* (Deputy District Sheriff) of the locality where the applicant has domicile. Except in Bangkok, the application shall be submitted at the Office of Muang Samut Prakarn District or Office of Prasamut Jedi Distrcit, Samut Prakarn Province or at Office of Muang Chachungsao District, Chachungsao Province.

**Clause 3.** The applicant shall submit an application as from April 1 - June 30, B.E. 2543.

**Clause 4.** When the competent official has examined the application and enclosed documents and considers that it is completed and correct, he shall issue a letter of registration in the Form attached hereto to the applicant.

**Clause 5.** When a letter of registration has already been issued, if a person wishes to use such fishing appliances, he must apply for a license before fishing.

Given on February 1, B.E. 2543

(Signed) **Pongpol Adireksarn**

(Mr. Pongpol Adireksarn)

Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Application for a License

No. .........../............. Written at ........................................
Date ...........................................................

I, ........................................................................, ...... years of age, nationality ..........................................
Home address at No. .........., Mu No. .., Tambon .........., District ................., Province ......................,
Apply for personal business or on behalf of a corporate entity .................................................................,
Business address at No. ........, Mu No. ..., Tambon .........., District ................., Province ......................,
To Nai Amphoe of District .................., Province .......... as follows:

1. Applying for a licensed fishing appliances as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Numbers</th>
<th>licensed fishing appliance Names</th>
<th>Sizes (Meters)</th>
<th>Fishery Taxes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Width</td>
<td>Length</td>
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<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

And apply for using such licensed fishing appliances at a fishing vessel Name .............................
Thai Vessel Registration No. ............................................., Dated .............................................
License for using Vessel No. ............................................, Dated .............................................
Size of Vessel ...... Gross Tonnage, Type of Engine ..................(Diesel) Benzyl, ......... Horsepower

2. Apply for members of family or employees to use licensed fishing appliances to be
applied for as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Name and Surname</th>
<th>Age (Years old)</th>
<th>Nationality</th>
<th>ID. Card No. Or other official identification documents</th>
<th>Relationship With The Applicant</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. The following documents are enclosed herewith for your consideration:
(1) ............................................................................  (2) ........................................................................
(3) ............................................................................  (4) ........................................................................

4. If the License is granted, I agree and consent that I shall comply with relevant laws
and notifications as well as warnings prescribed in the License in every respect.

(Signature) ............................................... Applicant
Opinion of Competent Official

..............................................................................................................................................
..............................................................................................................................................
..............................................................................................................................................
..............................................................................................................................................
(Signature) .............................................................
Position .............................................................
Date ...............................................................
Registration Certificate

For a person engaging in fishing, trading of aquatic animals and fishery industry

To certify that

...............................................................

Having been registered by Registration No. .............../...............;

To be a person engaging in fishing with fishing appliances ...........................................................
By Vessel Name ................................................., Length of Vessel ..............................................,
Width of Vessel ....................................., Home address No. ...., Mu No. ...,
District/Khet ...................................., Province ..............................................................

Date of Issuance ..............................................................

..............................................................
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives

Re: Determination on Fixing of Turtles Excluder Devices with Trawls for fishing shrimp in Fisheries

Whereas the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives considered that certain areas of the Gulf of Thailand and the Andaman Sea are habitats and nurturing places of sea turtles. At present, however, there appears a large numbers of fishermen have used trawls, especially shrimp trawls, in fishing aquatic animals in such areas. It is, therefore, to protect and prevent sea turtles from extinction or being destroyed in order that their varieties shall exist forever;

By virtue of section 32 (1) (2) and (4) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives issues the Notification as follows:

Clause 1. No person shall absolutely use a shrimp trawl with any kind of motor vessel for fishing in fisheries in gulf or bay of any seaside province. Exemption shall be allowed to the fishing by using shrimp trawls that has already fixed with turtles excluder devices or other similar appliance of similar use as in the pictures annexed hereto.

Clause 2. This Notification shall not apply to the fishing for academic purpose and obtains a written permission from the Director-General of the Department of Fisheries.

Clause 3. This Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication under section 60 of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490 has elapsed.

Given on September 16, B.E. 2539

(Signed) Suvidth Kunkitti
(Mr. Suvidth Kunkitti)
Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Pictures of Examples for Turtles Excluder Devices
Annexed to Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives,
Re: Determination on Fixing of Turtles Excluder Devices with Shrimp Trawls
for Fishing shrimps in Fisheries, dated September 16, B.E. 2539
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives

Re: Prohibition of Certain Kinds of Fishing Appliances in Spawning and Breeding Seasons in Some Localities During Specified Period, B.E. 2528

Whereas, it appears that the Andaman Sea in the locality of Krabi Province and Pang-nga Provinces is a habitat and a place that some aquatic animals lay their eggs. According to the study of life history of some aquatic animals, especially Indian mackerel which are important and valuable aquatic animal resource for economy of the country, they spawn, breed and nurture their larvae during April to June every year. It is, therefore, deems expedient to impose measures to conserve such aquatic animals so that their numbers will be increased enough for sustainable consumption;

By virtue of section 32 (1) (2) (4) and (5) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives issues the Notification as follows:

Clause 1. This Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication under section 60 of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490 has elapsed.

Clause 2. Spawning and breeding seasons (Conservation Season of Young Fish) shall begin from April 15 to June 15 of every year.

Clause 3. During the specified period under clause 2, no person shall use fishing appliances, i.e., all kinds and all sizes of trawls used with a motor vessel, surrounding nets and gill nets and entangling nets, of which their meshes are smaller than 4.7 centimeters in width, in fishing in the area of the sea starting from the end of Leam Sak (Cape) in the locality of Aou Luk District, Krabi Province, as the 1st point to the 8th point as follows:

From 1st point: Latitude North 8°-16'-25" crossing with Longitude East 98°-38'-05" in Krabi Province lying straight to the south to meet the 2nd point;

From 2nd point: Latitude North 8°-11'-05" crossing with Longitude East 98°-38'-05", the farthest north of Yao Noi Island in Pang-nga Province, and from the south of end of Yao Noi island which is the 3rd point;

From 3rd point: Latitude North 8°-04'-40" crossing with Longitude East 98°-36'-52" in Pang-nga Province, lying straight to the south to meet the 4th point;

From 4th point: Latitude North 8°-02'-31" crossing with Longitude East 98°-36'-57", the western side of the end of Yao Yai Island in Pang-nga Province, and from the south of the end of Yao Yai Island, which is the 5th point;

From 5th point: Latitude North 7°-53'-00" crossing with Longitude East 98°-35'-15", lying straight to the southwest to meet the 6th point;

From 6th point: Latitude North 7°-39'-00" crossing with Longitude East 98°-45'-00" on the southwestern side of Bi Da Nok Island in Krabi Province, lying straight to the southeast to meet the 7th point;
From 7th point: Latitude North 7°-28'-00" crossing with Longitude East 99°-06'-00"
on the south of the end of Lan Ta Yai Island in Krabi, lying straight northeast to the shore side to meet the 8th point;

From 8th point: Latitude North 7°-36'-50" crossing with Longitude East 99°-15'-55",
the mouth of the canal which is the boundary line between Krabi Province and Trang Province, in the locality of Klong Tom District, Krabi Province, which is the end of the 8th point;

as appeared on the map attached hereto.

Provided that exemption shall be allowed to the fishing by using Anchovy surrounding nets on day time during sunrise and sunset, beam trawls using with a motor vessel, (otter board trawls or trawls) using with a motor vessel and using artificial yarn as net rope, only at night during sunset to sunrise, and bamboo stake traps

Clause 4. This Notification shall not apply to the fishing for academic researching purpose and obtains a written permission from the Director-General of the Department of Fisheries.

Given on April 11, B.E. 2528

(Signed)  Borom Tantien
(Mr. Borom Tantien)
Deputy Minister
Acting for Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Map attached to Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives

Re: Prohibition of Certain Kinds of Fishing Appliances in Spawning and Breeding Seasons in Some Localities During Specified Period, B.E. 2528 dated on April 11, B.E. 2528

1 Lat 8° 16' 25" N
   Long 98° 38' 05" E

2 Lat 8° 11' 06" N
   Long 98° 38' 06" E

3 Lat 8° 04' 40" N
   Long 98° 36' 52" E

4 Lat 8° 02' 31" N
   Long 98° 36' 57" E

5 Lat 7° 53' 00" N
   Long 98° 35' 15" E

6 Lat 7° 39' 00" N
   Long 98° 45' 00" E

7 Lat 7° 28' 00" N
   Long 99° 06' 00" E

7 Lat 7° 36' 50" N
   Long 99° 15' 55" E
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives

Re: Determining Owners or Possessor of Shrimp Trawls must apply for Registration for the Possession thereof with the Competent Official

Whereas the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives considered that it is expedient to provide that the owners or possessors of certain kinds of fishing appliance must apply for registration of specific possession of such appliance, especially shrimp trawls, which is used for fishing shrimp only. Provided that it is for the statistic information of such fishing appliance, which shall benefit to the laying down of management plans of fishery resources and the efficient conservation of aquatic animal varieties of the country;

It is, therefore, by virtue of section 26 of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives issues the Notification as follows:

Clause 1. The owners or possessors of shrimp trawls using in fishing marine shrimp in every seaside province must apply for registration of the possession of such appliance with a competent official at the fisheries office in the locality of their domiciles, as from November 1 to December 31, B.E. 2539.

Clause 2. The application for registration of possession of shrimp trawls under clause 1 shall be made in the Form (Tor Kor 1) annexed hereto.

Clause 3. This Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication under section 60 of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490 has elapsed.

Given on September 16, B.E. 2539

(Signed) Suvidth Kunkitti
(Mr. Suvidth Kunkitti)
Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives
### Application for Registration of Possession of Fishing Appliance

**Application No. ......./......**

I, ................, ....Years of age, Having domiciles at No, ...., Mu No. ..., Village/Road ................................., Tambon ..........................., District ................................., Province .................................................

Being the owner of business/on behalf of (Name) ..................., Having domiciles at No, ...., Mu No. ..., Village/Road ..........................., Tambon ..........................., District ................................., Province ..................................

Would like to apply for the registration of possession of fishing appliance with Nai Amphoe of District ........, Province ................................., as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(1) Code</th>
<th>(2) Vessel</th>
<th>(3) Registration No.</th>
<th>(4) Size of Vessel</th>
<th>(5) Gross Tonnage</th>
<th>(6) Power in Kilowatts</th>
<th>(7) Type of Engines</th>
<th>(8) Name of Fishing Appliances to be Registered</th>
<th>(9) Condition of Vessel when compared with the previous Year</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

I certify that the above information is true and correct.

(Signature) ..............................................................................

Date ......../.........../..............

**Explanation Note:**

A. Column (1) : If the applicant is a former Tor Kor 1 applicant, please fill the same code of applicant given in B.E. 2537 together with details of vessel in column (2) - (6). In case of new applicant, leave the column (1) blank (no code) and please fill column (2) - (6) with the information from the Registration of the Harbor Department.

B. Column (7) : please fill with a mark “ ✓ ” according to the type of engine whether it is inside or outside the vessel.

C. Column (8) : Being a kind of fishing appliance to be applied for registration, please specify each appliance of each vessel as clearly as possible.

D. Column (9) : Please fill with the same or the changed items, such as size of vessel or fishing appliance.
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives

Re: Prohibition of Push Nets used with Motor Vessel in Fishing in the Locality of Pattani Province

Whereas, it is considered that the coastal area in the locality of Pattani Province is rich of aquatic animal resources and being a place of bio-diversity, food and for spawning of such various species of aquatic animals as well as for nurturing their young. This area is also a place of fishing for living purpose of local fishermen by using their small appliances. At present, however, it appears that many persons have used a push net, which is a harmful appliance to aquatic animal varieties, in fishing in such area and cause a serious damage to many young aquatic animals of economical value or their larvae or eggs from being destroyed or caught. As a result, the marine ecology are also destroyed and aquatic animals population are decreased dramatically which affects a native local fisherman since they cannot continue their fishing for living purpose and such other difficulties as poverty or social problems have occurred therefrom;

Moreover, according to the National Social and Economic Development Plan No. 8 (B.E. 2540 - 2544), Part 6: The Management of Natural Resources and Environment, Chapter 4: The Administration and Management of Natural Resources and Environment, Article 7.3 which provides that “.... to promote the enactment of laws to abolished the use of fishing appliance that harms marine ecology, especially trawls and push nets, and to promote substitution of fishing appliances that cause damage to environment”, the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives deems expedient to notify the absolute prohibition of the use of such appliances in fishing in the locality of Pattani Province, for conserving aquatic animals to sustain their fertility and for the sustainable utilization of the general public of such resources;

By virtue of section 32 (2) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives issues the Notification as follows:

Clause 1. No person shall use push nets with any type and any size of motor vessel absolutely in fishing in the locality of Pattani Province.

Clause 2. This Notification shall not apply to the fishing of a competent official in experiment or research for academic purpose, which obtains a written permission from the Director-General of the Department of Fisheries.

Clause 3. This Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication under section 60 of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490 has elapsed.

Given on February 26, B.E. 2541

(Signed) Pongphol Adireksarn
(Mr. Pongphol Adireksarn)
Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives

Re: Prohibition of Certain Kinds of Fishing Appliances in Spawning and Breeding Seasons in Prachuab Kirikhan, Chumporn and Surat Thani Provinces During Specified Period, (No. 2)

Whereas the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives has issued the Notification dated September 24 B.E. 2542, prohibiting certain kinds of fishing appliances in spawning and breeding seasons in the locality of Prachuab Kirikhan, Chumporn and Surat Thani Provinces during February 15 to May 15 every year, in order to prevent brood stocks and their larvae from being caught in excessive numbers and to enhance the sustainable utilization thereof;

After the Notification comes into force, certain kind of fishing appliances are prohibited in spawning and breeding seasons and together with the fact that the recession of economy occurred, fishermen are in difficulties so they made complaints through provincial working committee on solving problems in fishing undertaking. They ask for the suspension of the Notification so that the study on social and economic impact as well as supporting measures will be made. Having considered the matter, the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives deems expedient to mitigate the trouble of the fishermen as requested;

By virtue of section 32 (1) (2) (4) and (5) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, which is the Act containing certain provisions that restricts rights and liberties of persons and where section 29 together with sections 31, 36, 48 and 50 paragraph two, of the Constitution of the Kingdom of Thailand allow to be done by virtue of law, the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives issues the Notification as follows:


Clause 2. During the suspension of the Notification under clause 1, the Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives, Re: Prohibition of Certain Kinds of Fishing Appliances in Spawning and Breeding Seasons in Some Localities during Specified Period, B.E. 2527 dated November 28 B.E. 2527 shall apply mutatis mutandis.

Clause 3. This Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication under section 60 of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490 has elapsed.

Given on February 10, B.E. 2543

(Signed) Pongphol Adireksarn
(Mr. Pongphol Adireksarn)
Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives

Re: Determining Mesh Sizes of Nets used with Electricity Generator in Fishing (No. 2), B.E. 2543

According to the Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives, Re: Determining Mesh Sizes of Nets used with Electricity Generator in Fishing, dated March 15 B.E. 2539, prohibiting the use of nets or any fishing appliance of which the meshes are smaller than 2.5 centimeters in width measuring from the center of one knot to other knot when it lines straight, with an electricity generator (or dynamo) absolutely in fishing in the sea or gulf or bay of any seaside province. The exemption shall be allowed to the use of a falling net or an anchovy lift net with an electricity generator, provided that it shall not be used with a motor vessel of more than 16 meters in length and shall not fish within the area of 3,000 meters measuring from the water line along the coast and in the Pang-nga Bay; and

According to the Resolution of the National Fishery Policy Committee, in the meeting No. 2/2543 dated July 24 B.E. 2543, provides that a falling net or a lilt net may be used with a motor vessel of more than 16 meters in length in fishing anchovies, and at present there is also the Notification of Pang-nga Province, dated June 7 B.E. 2542, provides that Clause 3 of the Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives, Re: Determining Mesh Sizes of Nets used with Electricity Generator in Fishing, dated March 15 B.E. 2539, shall be repealed, it is expedient to amend the Notification to conform therewith on the same occasion;

By virtue of section 32 (1) and (4) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, which is the Act containing certain provisions that restricts rights and liberties of persons and where section 29 together with sections 31, 36, 48 and 50 paragraph two, of the Constitution of the Kingdom of Thailand allow to be done by virtue of law, the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives issues the Notification as follows:

Clause 1. The Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives, Re: Determining Mesh Sizes of Nets used with Electricity Generator in Fishing, dated March 15 B.E. 2539, shall be repealed.

Clause 2. No person shall use a net or any kind of fishing appliance of which the meshes are smaller than 2.5 centimeters in width measuring from the center of one knot to other knot when it lines straight, with an electricity generator (or dynamo) absolutely in fishing in the sea or gulf or bay of any seaside province.

Clause 3. The provision of clause 2 shall not apply to the fishing with a falling net or a lift net with an electricity generator to fish anchovies, provided that it shall not be used in fishing within the area of 3,000 meters measuring from the water line along the coast at the time of fishing (not includes an island).
Clause 4. This Notification shall not apply to fishing for academic purpose, which obtains a written permission from the Director-General of the Department of Fisheries.

Clause 5. This Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication under section 60 of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490 has elapsed.

Given on October 6, B.E. 2543

(Signed) Anurak Jureemas
(Mr. Anurak Jureemas)
Deputy Minister
Acting for Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives

Re: Determining Persons engaging in Marine Shrimp Cultivation Business must Apply for Registration and Permission from the Competent Official

Whereas the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives has issued the Notification dated December 21 B.E. 2541 determining persons engaging in marine shrimp cultivation business in the area of fifty Rai upward must apply for registration and permission from the competent official and persons engaging in marine shrimp cultivation business in the area of less than fifty Rai, both at the seashore and other places, must apply for registration with the competent official, provided such persons must prepare a water suspension pond or a precipitation pond, and determining the waste water standard drained from cultivation ponds;

According to the fact that many persons engage in cultivation of marine shrimp in small areas and shall not be able to prepare a water suspension pond or precipitation ponds in sufficient numbers and it is considered that the waste water standard should be amended so that other chemical factors in the waste water shall be under control;

By virtue of section 25 of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, together with the Royal Decree determining persons engaging in fishing, trading in aquatic animals or aquatic products, and fishery industry must apply for registration under the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490 (No. 4), B.E. 2534, which is the Act containing certain provisions that restricts rights and liberties of persons and where section 29 together with sections 31, 36, 48 and 50 paragraph two, of the Constitution of the Kingdom of Thailand allow to be done by virtue of law, the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives deems expedient to repeal the Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives, Re: Determining Persons engaging in marine shrimp cultivation business must Apply for Registration with the Competent Official, dated December 21 B.E. 2541. It also notifies that a person engaging in marine shrimp cultivation business in the area of fifty Rai upward must apply for registration and permission from the competent official and a person engaging in marine shrimp cultivation business in the area of less than fifty Rai must apply for registration with the competent officials according to the rules, procedure and conditions as follows:

Approval of the Committee at District Level:

Clause 1. Before the construction of cultivation pond, a person wishes to apply for registration of marine shrimp cultivation business must obtain prior approval from the committee at district level which also have a representative from Tambon (sub-district) administration organization or Tambon Council in the locality where the cultivation area is situated, as the case may be, as a member thereto.

When the applicant has obtained such prior approval, he or she shall construct a cultivation pond. After the completion of the construction, he or she may apply for the registration of the cultivation thereof.
Application for Approval to Lay-out Plans:

Clause 2. A person wishes to apply for registration of marine shrimp cultivation business must apply for approval to a lay-out plan in the Form (Application 6.3) annexed hereto together with a lay-out plan with the competent official under Clause 3.

In the case where the applicant wishes to use a central wastewater treatment system under Clause 8 or Clause 9, as the case may be, the letter of consent to use the system from its owner must be attached.

When the competent official has received the application, he or she must go out to examine the cultivation area within 3 working days. If it is in accordance with the criteria under Clause 8 or Clause 9, the competent official must issue a certificate of land examination (Examination 1) in the Form annexed hereto to the applicant as evidence.

Place of Application for Registration and Permission:

Clause 3. A person wishes to apply for registration of marine shrimp cultivation business must lodge an application for registration or permission with Nai Amphoe (Chief of District) or Palad Amphoe (Deputy Chief of District) of Ging Amphoe (small district) of the locality that the cultivation area is situated. Except in Bangkok, the application shall be lodged at the District Office of Muang Samut Prakarn District or Pra Samut Jedi District, Samut Prakarn Province, or Muang Chachuangsao District, Chachuangsao Province.

Registration of marine shrimp Cultivation Business:

Clause 4. A person wishes to apply for registration of marine shrimp cultivation business must lodge an application with the competent official together with the relevant documents as follows:

1. An application for engaging in fishing, trading in aquatic animals or aquatic products, and fishery industry in the Form (Application 6.1) annexed hereto;

2. Letter of approval from the committee at district level which also have a representative from Tambon administration organization or Tambon Council in the locality where the cultivation area is situated, as a member to consider the matter.

3. Copy of identification card, if the applicant is a natural person;

4. Copy of certificate of the registration of a company or a partnership and a copy of identification card of a director empowered to give signature on behalf of the company or a managing partner, as the case may be, if the applicant is a juristic person;

5. Copy of document showing a legal right over the cultivation land, whether such area is belong to a private person or a state, i.e., a land title deed, a certificate of land use No. 3a (Nor Sor 3 Kor), a certificate of land use No.3 (Nor Sor 3), or rental agreement or the letter of consent to use land;

6. A lay-out plan of the cultivation area which must be in accordance with Clause 8 or Clause 9 of this Notification and has already been approved by the competent official;

The registration of marine shrimp cultivation business shall be made only one time at the first application. However, a person who has been registered under the Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives, dated November 18, B.E. 2534, and the Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives, dated December 21, B.E. 2541, shall be deemed to be registered under this Notification.
In the registration, an applicant is not necessary to pay any fee thereto.

Clause 5. When the competent official has received the application, he or she shall examine whether it is in accordance with the conditions determined under this Notification. If it is made so, the competent official shall issue a certificate of registration of a person engaging in fishing, trading in aquatic animals or aquatic products, and fishery industry in the Form (Form Or 6.1) annexed hereto to the applicant.

Application for Permission and Renewal of the Permit to Engage in Marine Shrimp Cultivation Business:

Clause 6. A person wishes to engage in marine shrimp cultivation business in the area of fifty Rai upward must apply for the permission to be a person engaging in marine shrimp cultivation business with the competent official. The application must be attached with the relevant documents as follows:

1. An application for engaging in marine shrimp cultivation and hatchery house or nursery house in the Form (Or 6.2) annexed hereto;
2. Copy of a certificate of registration of a person engaging in fishing, trading in aquatic animals or aquatic products, and fishery industry in the Form (Or 6.1) annexed hereto;
3. Letter of approval from the committee at district level which also have a representative from Tambon administration organization or Tambon Council in the locality where the cultivation area is situated, as a member to consider the matter, under Clause 1.

Clause 7. When the competent official has received the application, he or she shall examine whether it is in accordance with the conditions determined under this Notification. If it is made so, the competent official shall grant a permit to engage in fishing, trading in aquatic animals or aquatic products, and fishery industry in the Form (Or 6) annexed hereto to the applicant.

The permit to engage in marine shrimp cultivation business (Permit 6) is free of charge. The permit shall be valid for 1 year. The permit grantee must apply for the renewal thereof before its expiry date.

Provisions for a Person engaging in Marine Shrimp Cultivation Business at the Coastal Area:

Clause 8. A person engaging in marine shrimp cultivation business at the coastal area who wishes to apply for the registration or permission of a person engaging in marine shrimp cultivation business under Clause 4 or Clause 6 must prepare a wastewater treatment system sufficient for the water drained from a cultivation pond at the time marine shrimp are being caught. Provided that it shall not be less than ten percent of the total cultivation area. In the case where any farmer has no wastewater treatment system of his or her own, he or she may use the system of the neighborhood farmers or they may be gathered together to use a central wastewater treatment system. Provided that the system used shall not less than ten percent of the total cultivation area in which the central wastewater treatment system is mutually used.

Provisions for a Person engaging in Marine Shrimp Cultivation Business at the Place other than Coastal area:
Clause 9. A person engaging in marine shrimp cultivation business at the place other than coastal area or in a province where there has not been a notification prohibiting the cultivation thereof under section 9 of the Act on the Enhancement and Conservation of National Environmental Quality B.E. 2535, who wishes to apply for the registration or permission of a person engaging in marine shrimp cultivation business under Clause 4 or Clause 6 must prepare a wastewater treatment system sufficient for the water drained from a cultivation pond at the time marine shrimp are being caught. Provided that it shall not less than ten percent of the total cultivation area. In the case where any farmer has no wastewater treatment system of his or her own, he or she may use the system of the neighborhood farmers or they may be gathered together to use a central wastewater treatment system. Provided that the system used shall not less than ten percent of the total cultivation area in which the central wastewater treatment system is mutually used.

Clause 10. For the purpose of this Notification, wastewater treatment system includes a water suspension pond or a precipitation pond, ditches and water drainage system.

Provisions on Waste Water and Mud Drainage:

Clause 11. A person engaging in marine shrimp cultivation business who has already been registered or permitted shall comply with the following conditions:

1. Water drained from the cultivation pond must have B.O.D. (Biochemical Oxygen Demand) of not higher than 20 ml/l, suspended solids of not higher than 70 ml/l, pH between 6.9 - 9.0 and ammonia-nitrogen of not higher than 1.1 ml/l;
2. He or she shall not drain or put any mud from the cultivation pond into a natural cultivation area or into a public land for common use;
3. He or she shall not drain sea water or commit any act to cause sea water from the cultivation pond to leak out or flow into a public freshwater area or other agricultural land.

Clause 12. If any person engaging in marine shrimp cultivation business violates or does not comply with the conditions under Clause 12, the competent official may revoke the registration or permission thereof.

Examining Procedure of the Competent Official:

Clause 13. The competent official shall proceed the matter without delay as follows:

1. Receiving and examining the application together with the attached documents;
2. Checking the correctness of the application whether it is in accordance with the relevant provisions;
3. If the competent official is of opinion that the application together with the attached documents and the conditions are correct, he or she shall submit the opinion to Nai Amphoe (Chief of District), Palad Amphoe (Deputy Chief of District), acing as Chief of Ging Amphoe, or a person entrusted by him or her, as the case may be, for granting permission;
(4) Preparing the registration of a person registered to engage in marine shrimp cultivation business and registration of a person permitted to engage in marine shrimp cultivation business.

Authorization to sign the Certificate of Registration or the Permit:

Clause 14. A certificate of registration (Or 6.1) or a permit (Permit 6) to engage in marine shrimp cultivation business shall be signed by Nai Amphoe (Chief of District), Palad Amphoe (Deputy Chief of District) acting a Chief of Ging Amphoe or a person entrusted by him or her, as the case may be.

Clause 15. Provinces, districts and Tambon administration organizations or Tambon councils, as the case may be, shall publish or post up this Notification or give the detail information to persons engaging in marine shrimp cultivation business for their acknowledgement and for compliance therewith.

Provided that, it is effective from now on.

Given on October 10, B.E. 2543

(Signed) Anurak Jureemas
(Mr. Anurak Jureemas) Deputy Minister
Acting for Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Application for Permission and Registration to engage in Fishing, Trading in Aquatic Animals or Aquatic Products, and Fishery Industry

No. ....................................... Written at ................................................

Date .............................................................................

I, ........................................, Years of age .........., Nationality ...........................................

Having domicile at home address No. ............... , Mu No. ..........., Tambon ..........................................

Amphoe (District) ..............................................., Province .....................................................

Wish to lodge an application with the Competent Official at ..........................................................

Province ....................................................., as follows:

I wish to apply for the permission and registration of ...........................................................

Business undertaking at a place No. ............... , Mu No. ..., Road ..................................................

Tambon .................................., Amphoe (District) ..........................................., Province .......................................

Trade name ........................................................

(Signature) ............................................... Applicant

Opinion of the Competent Official

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(Signature) .............................................................

Position/Title ..........................................................

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Decision

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(Signature) .............................................................

Position/Title ..........................................................

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Permit Issued No. ................................, Volume ..............................., Dated .................................................

Receipt Book No. ................................., No. ...................................., Dated ................................................

(Signature) .............................................................

Position/Title ..........................................................

................./...................../.................
Application for Registration to engage in Fishing, Trading in Aquatic Animals or Aquatic Products, and Fishery Industry

No. ................. Written at .................................................

Date ...........................................................................

I, ............... , Years of age ...., Nationality .............., or Juristic Person Name ..................

Having domicile or business address at No. ................., Mu No. ........, Tambon ......................
Amphoe (District) .........................................................., Province ...............................................................

Wish to lodge an application with the Competent Official at .....................................................
Province ........................................................................, as follows:

I wish to apply for the registration of:

☐ Cultivation of marine shrimp. in the area of less than fifty Rai
☐ Cultivation of marine shrimp in the area of fifty Rai upward
☐ Engaging in Hatchery House and Nursery House for marine shrimp Larvae
☐ Engaging in Nursery House for marine shrimp Larvae
☐ Other business (Please specify) .................................

Business undertaking at No. ........, Mu No. ...., Tambon .................... Amphoe (District) ..............,
Province ........................................, Trade name ........................................................

(Signature) ............................................... Applicant

Opinion of the Competent Official

(Signature) ............................................................
Position/Title ..........................................................

Decision

(Signature) ............................................................
Position/Title ..........................................................

Registered No. .................................., Dated .................................1/...............

(Signature) ............................................................
Position/Title ..........................................................

Thailand
Certificate of Registration

Person Engaging in Fishing, Trading in Aquatic Animals or Aquatic Products, 

Or Fishery Industry 

To certify that

..................................................................................................

Has been registered No. ............................
To be a person engaging in ..........................................
Under the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490
On the Date ...................../...................../......................

Provided that the registered person shall strictly comply with
The conditions under the Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and 
Cooperatives issued under section 25 of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490.

Issued on the date ...................../...................../......................

..................................................................................................
Application for Permission to engage in marine shrimp Cultivation,
Hatchery House, Or Nursery House for marine shrimp Larvae

No. ..........................  Written at ................................................
Date ........................................................................

I, ................, Years of age ...., Nationality .................., or Juristic Person Name ............
Having domicile or business address at No. ....................., Mu No. .........., Tambon .........
Amphoe (District) .........................................................., Province ...............................................................
Wish to lodge an application with the Competent Official at .........................................................
Province .............................................................., as follows:

I wish to apply for the registration of:
☐ Cultivation of marine shrimp in the area of ........ Rai.....Ngan.........Square Wa
☐ Engaging in Hatchery House and Nursery House for marine shrimp Larvae in ..... pond(s)
in the area of ...... Rai........Ngan........Square Wa
☐ Engaging in Nursery House for marine shrimp Larvae in ...... pond(s)
in the area of ...... Rai........Ngan........Square Wa
☐ Other business (Please specify) ........................................

Business undertaking at No. ............, Mu No. ...., Tambon .............Amphoe (District) .............
Province .............................................................., Trade name ...........................................................

(Signature) ............................................... Applicant

Opinion of the Competent Official

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(Signature) ...............................................................
Position/Title .............................................................
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Decision

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(Signature) ...............................................................
Position/Title .............................................................
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Registered No. ........................................... Dated ...............................................................
(Signature) ...............................................................
Position/Title .............................................................
..........................//........................../
Application for Approval to a Construction Plan of Cultivation Ponds, Brood Ponds or Nursery Ponds of marine shrimp Larvae

No. ........................................... Written at ..............................................................
Date ........................................................................
   I, ........................................, Years of age ..........., Nationality ..............................................
Having domicile at home address No. ............... , Mu No. ............... , Tambon ..................................
Amphoe (District) ................................................., Province ...................................................
Wish to lodge an application with the Competent Official at ..........................................................
Province ............................................................. , as follows:
   I wish to apply for the permission and registration of ..........................................................
Business undertaking at a place No. ............... , Mu No. ...., Road ...............................................
Tambon .................................................., Amphoe (District) ............................................., Province .......................................
Trade name ........................................................

(Signature) .................................................. Applicant

Opinion of the Competent Official

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.....................................................................................................................................................
(Signature) ..................................................
Position/Title ..................................................

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Decision

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.....................................................................................................................................................
(Signature) ..................................................
Position/Title ..................................................

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Approved by Letter No. ..................................., Dated .................../...................../..................
(Signature) ..................................................
Position/Title ..................................................

................./...................../.................
Certificate of Land Examination

No. .................. Written at ........................................

Date ........................................................

By this Letter, I, ...................................., Position/Title ..........................................................
Attached to Office/Department ........................................, Ministry...............................................
Have examined the area for engaging marine shrimp cultivation and construction plans of ............
Home address No. ............... , Mu No. ............., Road . ....................................................
Tambon . ..........................., Amphoe (District) . ..........................., Province . .........................
The cultivation area is situated at . ................................., Road . ............................................
Tambon. ..........................., Amphoe (District) . ..........................., Province . .........................
According to the documents of land rights ......................, It is found that:

☐ The condition of land and plans are not in accordance with the provisions of the
  Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives and not appropriate for the
  cultivation

☐ The condition of land and plans are in accordance with the provisions of the
  Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives and appropriate for the
  cultivation. It is hereby submitted that the plans should be approved for further
  construction of cultivation pond.

(Signature) .................................................. Examining Officer
  (..................................................)
(Signature) .................................................. Applicant
  (..................................................)
(Signature) .................................................. Witness
  (..................................................)
(Signature) .................................................. Witness
  (..................................................)
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives

Re: Cancellation of Area in which Certain Kinds of Fishing Appliances are Prohibited in Fishing in Prachuab Kirikhan and Chumporn Provinces for Rehabilitating Fishery Situation after Gay Typhoon

According to the Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives, Re: Prohibition of Certain Kinds of Fishing Appliances in Fishing in Prachuab Kirikhan and Chumporn Provinces for Rehabilitating Fishery Situation after Gay Typhoon, dated April 16 B.E. 2533, which provides that every kind of trawls, push nets and surrounding nets, or shellfish dredges used with a motor vessel and any net or other fishing appliance used with an electricity generator (or dynamo), are prohibited in fishing fishes and squids within the distance of 3,000 meters measuring from the coastal water line;

Whereas the rehabilitation of fishery situation in such places has been carried out for more than 10 years, which is successful enough for rendering fishermen to continue fishing for their normal lives. Moreover, at present, there appears the overlapping of the enforcement of law on conservation of aquatic animal resources in Prachuab Kirikhan and Chumporn Provinces so that a local fisherman shall not be able to undertake their fishing. It is expedient to cancel such measures under the above mentioned Notification;

By virtue of section 32 (2) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, which is the Act containing certain provisions that restricts rights and liberties of persons and where section 29 together with sections 31, 36, 48 and 50 paragraph two, of the Constitution of the Kingdom of Thailand allow to be done by virtue of law, the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives issues the Notification as follows:


Clause 2. This Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication under section 60 of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490 has elapsed.

Given on November 6, B.E. 2543

(Signed) Anurak Jureemas
(Mr. Anurak Jureemas)
Deputy Minister
Acting for Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives

Re: Determining of Mesh Sizes of Nets in Fishing Anchovies

Whereas, at present, there appears many persons use nets of small meshes in fishing anchovy resulting in the decrease of anchovy population. Moreover, the anchovy caught are mostly their larvae (Pla Kao Sam, Pla Sai Mai) and those of other economical fish. The Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives, therefore, considers to determine the mesh sizes of nets to fish anchovy in order that larval or young anchovy shall not be caught in excessive numbers and to conserve a balance condition of marine ecology;

By virtue of section 32 (2) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, which is the Act containing certain provisions that restricts rights and liberties of persons and where section 29 together with sections 31, 36, 48 and 50 paragraph two, of the Constitution of the Kingdom of Thailand allow to be done by virtue of law, the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives issues the Notification as follows:

Clause 1. No person shall use a falling net or lift net with an electricity generator in fishing anchovy and a surrounding net to fish anchovy at day time (during sunrise and sunset), of which the meshes are 0.6 centimeter and smaller, absolutely in the Gulf of Thailand and Andaman Sea.

Clause 2. This Notification shall not apply to the use of a falling net or lift net with an electricity generator in fishing anchovy and a surrounding net to fish anchovy at day time of a competent official in an experiment and research for academic purpose, which obtains a written permission from the Director-General of the Department of Fisheries.

This Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication under section 60 of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490 has elapsed.

Given on February 1, B.E. 2543

(Signed) Pongphol Adireksarn
(Mr. Pongphol Adireksarn)
Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Re: Determining the Use of Certain Kinds of Fishing Appliances in Fisheries

Whereas, at present, there appears many person use a falling net or lift net with an electricity generator in fishing anchovy and a surrounding net to fish anchovy at day time (during sunrise and sunset) in fishing in the Gulf of Thailand and Andaman Sea in an excessive amount than natural productive capacity resulting in the decrease of Anchovy population. If there is no controlling measure by limiting numbers of such fishing appliances, some other economical aquatic animals shall also decrease affecting persons engaging in fishing by using other kinds of appliances and the fishery economy as a whole. It is, therefore, expedient to control numbers of fishing of Anchovy;

By virtue of section 32 (1) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, which is the Act containing certain provisions that restricts rights and liberties of persons and where section 29 together with sections 31, 36, 48 and 50 paragraph two, of the Constitution of the Kingdom of Thailand allow to be done by virtue of law, the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives issues the Notification as follows:

Clause 1. A falling net or lift net with an electricity generator in fishing Anchovy and a surrounding net to fish Anchovy at day time (during sunrise and sunset), in fishing in the Gulf of Thailand and Andaman Sea, shall be use only in the numbers permitted under the certificate of registration of fishing, trading in aquatic animals or aquatic products, or fishery industry, granted by the competent official.

Clause 2. This Notification shall not apply to the use of a falling net or lift net with an electricity generator in fishing Anchovy and a surrounding net to fish Anchovy at day time of a competent official in an experiment and research for academic purpose, which obtains a written permission from the Director-General of the Department of Fisheries.

This Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication under section 60 of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490 has elapsed.

Given on February 1, B.E. 2543

(Signed) Pongphol Adireksarn
(Mr. Pongphol Adireksarn)
Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives

Re: Prohibition of Lift Nets and Falling nets used with Electricity Generators in Some Localities And Determining Mesh Sizes of Nets used with Electricity Generators in Fishing Anchovy, B.E. 2544

According to the Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives, Re: Determining Mesh Sizes of Nets used with Electric Generators in Fishing (No.2), B.E. 2543, which prohibits the use of nets or any kind of fishing appliances of which the meshes are smaller than 2.5 centimeters measuring from the center of one knot to the other when it lies straight, with an electricity generator (or dynamo) absolutely in fishing in the sea or gulf or bay in any seaside province, in order that a person shall engaging in fishing in accordance with the provided conditions; and

According to the resolution of the National Fishery Policy Committee, in the meeting No. 4/2542 dated November 3 B.E. 2542, which determines the area within the distance of 3 nautical miles offshore to be an area in which the fishing of anchovy by using light is prohibited in order to conserve a small scale fisheries. The resolution also states that a committee to solve problems of fishermen (multilateral parties) in each seaside province, except in Songkhla Province, shall determine the area within 3 to 5 nautical Miles offshore as Buffer Zone in which the fishing of anchovy by using light is also prohibited;

By virtue of section 32 (1) (2) (4) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, which is the Act containing certain provisions that restricts rights and liberties of persons and where section 29 together with sections 31, 36, 48 and 50 paragraph two, of the Constitution of the Kingdom of Thailand allow to be done by virtue of law, the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives issues the Notification as follows:

Clause 1. The following shall be repealed:
(1) The Notification of Trang province, Re: Prohibition of the Use of Nets with Electricity Generators in Fishing in the Locality of Trang Province, dated May 18, B.E. 2542;
(2) The Notification of Pang-nga province, Re: Prohibition of the Use of Nets with Electricity Generators in Fishing in the Locality of Pang-nga Province, dated June 7, B.E. 2542;
(3) The Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives, Re: Prohibition of the Use of Lift Nets or Falling Nets with Electricity Generators in Fishing in Some Localities, dated August 21, B.E. 2543;
(4) The Notification of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives, Re: Determining Mesh Sizes of nets used with Electricity Generators in Fishing (No. 2), B.E. 2543, dated October 6, B.E. 2543;

Clause 2. No person shall use a net or any kind of fishing appliance of which the meshes are smaller than 2.5 centimeters measuring from the center of one knot to the other when it lies straight, with an electricity generator (or dynamo), absolutely in fishing in the sea, gulf or bay of any seaside province. Exemption may be allowed to the fishing of anchovy by using a lift net or a falling net with an electricity generator (or dynamo).
Clause 3. The sea within the area No. 1, the coordinate of which appeared on the map annexed hereto, is the Conservation Zone. In this area, no person shall absolutely use a net with an electricity generator (or dynamo) in fishing anchovy.

Clause 4. The sea within the area No. 2, the coordinate of which appeared on the map annexed hereto, is the Buffer Zone. In this area, no person shall absolutely use a net with an electricity generator (or dynamo) in fishing anchovy.

Clause 5. The sea within the area No. 3, the coordinate of which appeared on the map annexed hereto, is the Prohibition Zone. In this area, no person shall absolutely use a net with an electricity generator (or dynamo) in fishing anchovy, unless the fishing of anchovy by using a lift net or a falling net with an electricity generator (or dynamo) and with a motor vessel of 14 meters in length downward.

Clause 6. This Notification shall not apply to the fishing of a competent official in an experiment and research for academic purpose, which obtains a written permission from the Director-General of the Department of Fisheries.

Clause 7. This Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication under section 60 of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490 has elapsed.

Any provisions of other notifications already provided by this Notification or contrary thereto or inconsistent therewith shall be replaced by this Notification.

Given on March 23, B.E. 2544

(Signed) Chucheep Hansawad
(Mr. Chucheep Hansawad)
Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives
Notification of Trang Province

Re: Prohibition of Certain Kinds of Fishing Appliances in Fishing in the Specified Sea Grass Bed

Whereas Trang Province considers that in the sea of Trang Province is rich of sea grass, a place where many aquatic animals use in hiding themselves from danger and for their breeding. In particular, sea grass is food of sea cows which are almost extinct marine animal and being a conserved animal under the Act on Conservation and Protection of Wild Life Animals B.E. 2535. At present, it appears that sea grass and sea cows are destroyed or killed by some fishing appliances. If the situation continues, it may lead to the extinction of such aquatic animals. It is, therefore, expedient to impose measures to conserve such valuable aquatic animal varieties;

By virtue of section 32 (2) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, the Governor of Trang Province, with the approval of the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives, issues the Notification as follows:

Clause 1. This Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication under section 60 of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490 has elapsed.

Clause 2. No person shall use all kinds and all sizes of trawls and push nets with a motor vessel, and seine nets, bream gill nets with water tamping gear, weighed net (or jom krabane), absolutely in fishing within the area surrounded by the circle as follows:

2.1 From 1st point: Beginning from Hua Hin Canal, runs through the west side of Bang Kang Kao Village, Mu 4 Tambon Kao Mai Kaew, Sikao District, Trang Province, the coordinate of Latitude North 7°-39'-06" and Longitude East 99°-15'-13", then runs straight to the west to meet the 2nd point;

From 2nd point: The coordinate of Latitude North 7°-38'-48" and Longitude East 99°-12'-48", then runs straight to the southwest to meet the 3rd point;

From 3rd point: The coordinate of Latitude North 7°-36'-43" and Longitude East 99°-12'-31", then runs straight to the southeast to meet the 4th point;

From 4th point: The coordinate of Latitude North 7°-35'-26" and Longitude East 99°-15'-13", then runs straight to the southeast to meet the 5th point;

From 5th point: The coordinate of Latitude North 7°-32'-48" and Longitude East 99°-17'-02", then runs straight to the east to meet the 6th point;

From 6th point: The coordinate of Latitude North 7°-33'-22" and Longitude East 99°-18'-00", passing Son Beach, Pru Jude Village, Mu 4 Tambon Bor Hin, Sikao District, Trang Province, which is the end of the 6th point;

2.2 From 1st point: Beginning from Hua Lam, Hai Loh Village, Mu 3 Tambon Bang Sak, Kantang District, Trang Province, the coordinate of Latitude North 7°-24'-32" and Longitude East 99°-20'-31", then runs straight to the west to meet the 2nd point;

From 2nd point: The coordinate of Latitude North 7°-24'-03" and Longitude East 99°-17'-23", then runs straight to the south to meet the 3rd point;
From 3rd point: The coordinate of Latitude North 7°-23'-21" and Longitude East 99°-17'-2", which is the north of Kook Island and the end of the 3rd point;

From 4th point: Begins from the south of Kook Island, the coordinate of Latitude North 7°-21'-05" and Longitude East 99°-18'-14", then runs straight to the southwest to meet the 5th point;

From 5th point: The coordinate of Latitude North 7°-20'-47" and Longitude East 99°-18'-27", then runs straight to the east to meet the 6th point;

From 6th point: The coordinate of Latitude North 7°-33'-22" and Longitude East 99°-18'-00", Ta Poh Village, Mu 6 Tambon Koh Li Bong, Kantang District, Trang Province, which is the end of the 6th point;

2.3 From 1st point: Beginning from Chao Mai Village, Mu 6 Tambon Koh Li Bong, Kantang District, Trang Province, the coordinate of Latitude North 7°-18'-12" and Longitude East 99°-25'-58", then runs straight to the southwest to meet the 2nd point;

From 2nd point: The coordinate of Latitude North 7°-16'-45" and Longitude East 99°-23'-9", then runs straight to the southwest to meet the 3rd point;

From 3rd point: The coordinate of Latitude North 7°-16'-11" and Longitude East 99°-22'-24", Tung Ya Ka Village, which is the end of the 3rd point;

From 4th point: Begins from Lang Kao Village, the coordinate of Latitude North 7°-12'-15" and Longitude East 99°-23'-28", then runs straight to the south to meet the 5th point;

From 5th point: The coordinate of Latitude North 7°-11'-51" and Longitude East 99°-23'-28", then runs straight to the east to meet the 6th point;

From 6th point: The coordinate of Latitude North 7°-11'-58" and Longitude East 99°-24'-22", then runs straight to the northeast to meet the 7th point;

From 7th point: The coordinate of Latitude North 7°-13'-43" and Longitude East 99°-28'-24", then runs straight to the northeast to meet the 8th point;

From 8th point: The coordinate of Latitude North 7°-15'-53" and Longitude East 99°-28'-45", then runs straight to the north to meet the 9th point;

From 9th point: The coordinate of Latitude North 7°-16'-57" and Longitude East 99°-28'-19", Pra Muang Village, Mu 3 Tambon Na Klua, Kantang District, Trang Province, which is the end of the 9th point;

as appeared on the map attached hereto;

2.4 No person shall engage in fishing within the distance of 3,000 meters measuring from the water line along the coast of Su Korn Island, Pa Lien District, Trang Province.

Clause 3. This Notification shall not apply to the fishing in experiment or research for academic purpose and obtains a written permission from the Director-General of the Department of Fisheries.

Given on May 16, B.E. 2535

(Signed) Yongyuth Vichaidith

(Mr. Yongyuth Vichaidith)

Governor of Trang Province
Map attached to Notification of Trang Province dated on May 16, B.E. 2535
Re: Prohibition of Certain Kinds of Fishing Appliances in Fishing
in the Specified Sea Grass Bed

Lat 7° 39' 06"N  
Long 99° 15' 13"E

Lat 7° 36' 43"N  
Long 99° 12' 34"E

Lat 7° 35' 26"N  
Long 99° 15' 13"E

Lat 7° 33' 23"N  
Long 99° 13' 06"E

Lat 7° 34' 48"N  
Long 99° 17' 02"E
Map attached to Notification of Trang Province dated on May 16, B.E. 2535
Re: Prohibition of Certain Kinds of Fishing Appliances in Fishing
In the Specified Sea Grass Bed

Lat 7° 24’ 32”N
Long 99° 20’ 31”E

Lat 7° 24’ 03”N
Long 99° 17’ 23”E

Lat 7° 23’ 21”N
Long 99° 17’ 23”E

Lat 7° 21’ 05”N
Long 99° 11’ 14”E

Lat 7° 20’ 47”N
Long 99° 12’ 27”E

Lat 7° 20’ 47”N
Long 99° 21’ 53”E
Map attached to Notification of Trang Province dated on May 16, B.E. 2535

Re: Prohibition of Certain Kinds of Fishing Appliances in Fishing
In the Specified Sea Grass Bed
Notification of Prachuab Kirikhan Province
Re: Determining the Area in which Certain Kinds of Fishing Appliances are Prohibited in Fishing in Some Localities of Prachuab Kirikhan Province

Whereas it is considered that the water in the coastal area in the localities of Bang Sapan and Bang Sapan Noi Districts, Prachuab Kirikhan Province are places for spawning of many aquatic animals of economical value of the country and for growing of their young. This area is also an important place where small-scale fishermen shall carry out their local fishing, which is mostly a small business. At present, however, it appears that many persons have used fishing appliances of high capacity in fishing therein causing the deterioration of aquatic animal resources. In order to conserve such aquatic animal varieties as well as their young or larvae or eggs from being caught or destroyed in an excessive amount, Prachuab Kirikhan Province, Department of Fisheries and all fishermen agree, under Marine Resources Management Project, that it is expedient to solve this problem and prohibit the use of certain kinds of fishing appliances in such area. The purpose of which is for the fertility of marine resources and the sustainable utilization of general public;

By virtue of section 50 of the Constitution of the Kingdom of Thailand B.E. 2541 and section 32 (2) and (4) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, the Governor of Prachuab Kirikhan Province, with the approval of the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives by the Letter of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives dated September 28, B.E. 2542, issues the Notification as follows:

Clause 1. No person shall use fishing appliances as follows:

(1) All kinds of trawls used with a motor vessel;
(2) Push nets used with a motor vessel;
(3) Shellfish dredges used with a motor vessel;
(4) Surrounding nets used with a motor vessel except anchovy surrounding nets at day time (during sunrise and sunset) and out of the distance of 3,000 meters measuring from the coastal water line at the time of fishing (not includes islands);

To fish in the sea, gulf or bay in the localities of Bang Sapan and Bang Sapan Noi Districts, Prachuab Kirikhan Province, within the area surrounded by a circle beginning from Mae Rampoung Mount, the coordinate of Latitude North 11°-11'-48" and Longitude East 99°-34'-49" as the 1st point, runs straight to the east to meet the 2nd point, the coordinate of Latitude North 11°-11'-48" and Longitude East 99°-36'-40". From the 2nd point, it runs straight to the south to meet the 3rd point, the coordinate of Latitude North 11°-4'-23" and Longitude East 99°-36'-40". From the 3rd point, it runs straight to the south to meet the 4th point, the coordinate of Latitude North 10°-59'-29" and Longitude East 99°-36'-40". From the 4th point, it runs straight to the east to meet the 5th point, the coordinate of Latitude North 10°-59'-48" and Longitude East 99°-30'-19"; as appeared on the map attached hereto.
Clause 2. This Notification shall not apply to the fishing for academic purpose and obtains a written permission from the Director-General of the Department of Fisheries.

Clause 3. This Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication under section 60 of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490 has elapsed.

Given on October 19, B.E. 2542
(Signed)  Samroung Chuchawalit
(Mr. Samroung Chuchawalit)
Deputy Governor
Acing Governor of Prachuab Kirikhan Province
Map attached to Notification of Prachuab Kirikhan Province

Re: Determining the Area in which Certain Kinds of Fishing Appliances are Prohibited in Fishing in Some Localities of Prachuab Kirikhan Province dated on October 19, B.E. 2542

Point 1 Lat 11° 11' 48" N
Long 99° 34' 49" E

Point 2 Lat 11° 11' 48" N
Long 99° 36' 40" E

Point 3 Lat 11° 04' 23" N
Long 99° 36' 40" E

Point 4 Lat 10° 59' 29" N
Long 99° 36' 40" E

Point 5 Lat 10° 59' 48" N
Long 99° 30' 19" E
Notification of Chonburi Province

Re: Determining the Area in which Beam Trawls are Prohibited in Some Localities of Chonburi Province

Whereas it is considered that the sea in the locality of Chonburi Province is a muddy place and rich of marine resources. At present, however, it appears that many person have used beam trawl, in fishing in such area, which affects marine resources and causes a serious damage to marine ecology. Chonburi Province, therefore, deems expedient to control the use of such fishing appliances in order to protect such marine animal resources from being destroyed in an excessive amount and for the sustainable utilization of such resources by the general public;

By virtue of section 50 of the Constitution of the Kingdom of Thailand B.E. 2541 and section 32 (2) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, the Governor of Chonburi Province, with the approval of the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives by the Letter of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives, most urgent, No. MOAC 0528/05869 dated March 9, B.E. 2542, issues the Notification as follows:

Clause 1. No person shall use beam trawl, absolutely in fishing in the sea, gulf or bay in the locality of Chonburi Province within the area surrounded by a circle as appeared on the map attached hereto.

Clause 2. This Notification shall not apply to the fishing for academic purpose and obtains a written permission from the Director-General of the Department of Fisheries.

Clause 3. This Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication under section 60 of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490 has elapsed.

Given on March 23, B.E. 2542
(Signed) Sujarit Patjimmanand
(Mr. Sujarit Patjimmanand)
Governor of Chonburi Province
Map attached to Notification of Chonburi Province

Re: Determining the Area in which Beam Trawls are Prohibited in Some Localities of Chonburi Province dated on March 23, B.E. 2542

Lat 13° 13' 00" N
Long 100° 45' 00" E

Lat 13° 13' 00" N
Long 100° 27' 30" E

Lat 12° 35' 45" N
Long 100° 27' 30" E
Notification of Trad Province

Re: Determining the Area in which Trawls, Push Nets and Shellfish Dredges are Prohibited, in Fishing at Strait of Chang Island, Trad Province, B.E. 2543

Whereas Trad Province has issued the Notification dated October 12, B.E. 2542, determining the area in which trawls, push nets and shellfish dredges are prohibited in fishing at the strait of Chang Island, Trad Province. The purpose of which is to protect larvae of aquatic animals of economical value and the eggs of such animals from being caught or destroyed in an excessive amount, which causes an effect to marine resources and marine environment, and to conserve such resources for sustainable utilization; and

Whereas it is a place where fishermen shall carry out their fishing in the monsoon season. Moreover, some part of the area is within the distance of 3,000 meters measuring from the coastal water line, where trawls, push nets and shellfish dredges are also prohibited by law. It is expedient to amend the measures so that it shall cause lesser difficulties to fishermen while the fertility of marine resources shall also be conserved for sustainable utilization of such resources by the general public at the same time;

By virtue of and section 32 (2) and (4) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, which is the Act containing certain provisions that restricts rights and liberties of persons and where section 29 together with sections 31, 36, 48 and 50 paragraph two, of the Constitution of the Kingdom of Thailand allow to be done by virtue of law, the Governor of Prachuab Kirikhan Province, with the approval of the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives by the Letter of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives, most urgent, No. MOAC 0528.3/05393 dated March 17, B.E. 2543, issues the Notification as follows:

Clause 1. The Notification of Trad Province, Re: Determining the Area in which Trawls, Push nets and Shellfish Dredges are prohibited in Fishing at the Strait of Chang Island, Trad Province, dated October 12, B.E. 2542, shall be repealed.

Clause 2. No person shall use a Trawl, Push net and Shellfish Dredges of all kinds and sizes, with a motor vessel absolutely in fishing at the strait of Chang Island, Trad Province, within the area surrounded by a circle beginning from Chang Noi Island (the coordinate of Latitude North 12°-09'-42" and Longitude East 102°-15'-00" as the 1st point), then runs straight to Lam Ling, the 2nd point (the coordinate of Latitude North 12°-12'-30" and Longitude East 102°-16'-48"). From the 2nd point, it runs straight to Salak Kok Bay, the 3rd point (the coordinate of Latitude North 12°-02'-00" and Longitude East 102°-24'-00"), then runs straight to the mouth of Nam Chaew Canal, the 4th point (the coordinate of Latitude North 12°-09'-00" and Longitude East 102°-28'-12"), as appeared on the map attached hereto.
Clause 3. No person shall, absolutely during June to November every year, use a Trawl, Push net and Shellfish Dredges of all kinds and sizes, with a motor vessel in fishing at the strait of Chang Island, Trad Province, within the area surrounded by a circle beginning from Salak Kok Bay, the 3rd point (the coordinate of Latitude North 12°02'-00" and Longitude East 102°24'-00"), then runs straight to the mouth of Nam Chaew Canal, the 4th point (the coordinate of Latitude North 12°09'-00" and Longitude East 102°28'-12"), and from Ngam Island, the 5th point (the coordinate of Latitude North 12°56'-45" and Longitude East 102°26'-54"), then runs straight to Lam Nam, the 6th point (the coordinate of Latitude North 12°02'-36" and Longitude East 102°35'-24"), as appeared on the map attached hereto.

Clause 4. This Notification shall not apply to the fishing for academic purpose and obtains a written permission from the Director-General of the Department of Fisheries.

Clause 5. This Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication under section 60 of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490 has elapsed.

Given on March 28, B.E. 2543
(Signed) Songkram Korsutti-teerakul
(Mr. Songkram Korsutti-teerakul)
Governor of Trad Province
Map attached to Notification of Trad Province
Re: Determining the Area in which Trawls, Push Nets and Shellfish Dredges are Prohibited, in Fishing at Strait of Chang Island, Trad Province, B.E. 2543 dated on March 28, B.E. 2543

Note Copied From Hydrographic Service Department Map, the Navy No. 102 Ko Juang to Ko Kong Scale 1: 250,000

Point 1 Lat 12° 09' 42" N
Long 102° 15' 00" E
Point 2 Lat 12° 12' 30" N
Long 102° 16' 48" E
Point 3 Lat 12° 02' 00" N
Long 102° 24' 00" E
Point 4 Lat 12° 09' 00" N
Long 102° 28' 12" E
Point 5 Lat 11° 56' 45" N
Long 102° 26' 54" E
Point 6 Lat 12° 02' 36" N
Long 102° 35' 24" E
Notification of Samut Songkram Province

Re: Prohibition of the Fishing of Siamese Giant Carp (Catlocarpio siamensis) in the Area of Samut Songkram Province

Whereas Samut Songkram Province considers that Siamese Giant Carp (Catlocarpio siamensis) is a big aquatic animal, a large numbers of which habitats in Mae Glong River. Nowadays, however, the population there is decreased dramatically. If there are no appropriate conservation measures, they may extinct from the river. Samut Songkram Province, therefore, deems expedient to impose measures to protect and conserve Siamese Giant Carp variety in the area of Samut Songkram Province for the benefit of further breeding;

By virtue of and section 32 (7) of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490, Samut Songkram Province, with the approval of the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives by the Letter of the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives, No. MOAC 0528.3/1487 dated February 1, B.E. 2545, issues the Notification as follows:

Clause 1. No person shall catch, trap, lure, injure or kill Siamese Giant Carp, absolutely in the area of Samut Songkram Province.

Clause 2. This Notification shall not apply to the fishing for academic purpose and obtains a written permission from the Director-General of the Department of Fisheries.

Clause 3. This Notification shall come into force when the period of thirty days from the date of its publication under section 60 of the Fisheries Act B.E. 2490 has elapsed.

Given on February 15, B.E. 2545

(Signed) Ackarapong Payakkantron
(Mr. Ackarapong Payakkantron)
Governor of Samut Songkram Province